the News of Berea and Vicinity; To Record the Happenings of Berea College; To be of Int to all the Mountain People.

Our Threefold Aim: To give

Vol. XXII.

Five Cents Per Copy

BEREA, MADISON COUNTY, KENTUCKY, JANUARY 20, 1921

One Doliar and Fifty Centa Per Year

No. 30

### Kentucky News

institution.

Frankfort, Jan. 16 .- Farm hands in Kentucky are receiving an average of \$2.13 per day and board in 108 tary a:aira committee, the Senate tocounties of the State, according to day passed a resolution directing the statistics gathered from crop report- secretary of war to cease army-reera and just made public at the of- cruiting until the size of the regular fice of Commissioner of Agriculture army is cut down to 150,000 men. Hanna.

iiopkinavilie, convicted of complicity taken today by the House foreign afin the murder of Drew Ross December 3, 1917, was refused a pardon today by Governor Edwip P. Morrow, who also refused to pardon Steve to send delegates to an international Rogers, aileged leader of the mob in the race riots at Corbin in 1919.

Fiemingsburg, Jan. 15 .- What is believed to be a valuable coal mine has been discovered in Fieming county ahout nine miles from Fiemingsburg on a farm owned by Wat Strode, between Sugar Loaf Mountain and Foxport. A short time ago pored some coal. The coal was tested chapter and eighth verse, which and burned by several persons living in that neighborhood who deciare it is of good quality.

Lexington, Jan. 17 .- A request for growers to withold the present tobacco crop and announcement of a pledge among planters as the means to effect a cut-out for 1921 were the result Monday afternoon of a meet- three or four seriously, when a day ing of delegates of the Burley to- coach on west-bound Pennsylvania bacco growers which was held at the Lafayette hotel.

the heavy coal traffic of the Louis- train standing on a siding. ville & Nashville Raifroad between Smch, Harian, Pineville and Louisvitie makes problematical the railroad's ability to furnish an extra iocal passenger train between Harlan, husiness men from Harian and Pinevilie who were in Louisvilie yesterday arranged to meet officials of the road at Pineville Tuesday to confer further regarding additional passenger accommodations.

Lexington, Jan. 16 .- Many speakinvited to attend the annual gather. cities and a decrease in ten, according of the Sunday-school Council of the Department of Labor. The great-bad, but came about largely because United States and Canada, which will be held at Indianapolis January 18 3.6 per cent, and the largest increase to 21. Those who will attend the was in Los Angeles, 6.2 per cent. meeting of the council will represent approximately 18,000,000 Sundayschool pupils in the two countries.

in Central Kentucky concerning the there are now 9,274,320 passenger der their deska clear of paper and holding of the 1920 crop of tohacco off the market until higher prices can be had seems to have passed over and Blue Grass farmers are go- 670,904, or 21.9 per cent, over De- regularly, Miss Tutt offered from her ing back to work of hauling in their weed to the markets. Saica will be 064,610 motor vehicles registered. resumed in most of the larger markets in Central Kentucky today and many warehousemen and farmers have expressed optimism with regard to the prices that will be paid.

Lexington, Jan. 19 .- Seven stilla, more than a thousand galions of still beer, a quantity of moonahine whisky and and one man were captured by federal officers in a raid staged in Jackson county near the Perry county line Monday, according to news which reached Lexington Tuesday from Jackson.

Lexington, Jan. 18 .- Work of extending the teaching of scientific agriculture and home economics thruout Kentucky is progressing rapidly thruout Kentucky, according to information given out at the College of Agriculture University of Kentucky, which has charge of the direction of the work. At least ninety persons are now engaged in the work.

Woman and Girl Injured in Storm, Cleveland, O. - Damage totaling thousands of dollars was caused by a wind which at times reached a velocity of approximately 55 miles an hour. No loss of life or injury to person was reported. The temporary front of a building under construction at Euclid and Forty-ninth street was blow out damaging a number of automobiles parked near by. Later reports were received of the probable fatal injury of a woman and a girl in traffic accidents attributed to the atorus.

### U. S. News

Richmond, Jan. 14.-At a recent | Peoria, Iil., Jan. 15.-One thousand meeting of the regenta of the East- employes of the Holt Manufacturing ern State Normal School a resolution Company today voted to accept a proposed by J. A. Sullivan was wage reduction of 15 percent, effecacopted providing for a committee tive February 16, and agreed to make to seek an endowment fund for the an effort to increase production 25 percent.

> Washington, Jan. 14.-Over the protest of the majority of ita mili-

Washington, Jan. 15.-Finai steps Frankfort, Jan. 14.—Mamie Cooley, looking toward disarmament were fairs committee, which reported a resolution authorizing President Wilson to invite the nations of the world convention to consider ways and means of bringing it about,

> Marion, O., Jan. 15 .- Senator Warren G. Harding has chosen the Bibfical text upon which he will take the oath of office as President of the United States. He will ask that the same Bible which George Washington used be opened at Micah, sixth

> "He hath showed me, O man, what is good; and what the Lord require of thee, but do justly, and to love mercy and to waik humbly with thy

Greenville, O., Jan. 18.-Approximately twenty persons were injured, of the Public School and Training first greeting from a quondum mempasaenger train No. 7, en route from ed universaily that much good is be-New York to St. Louis jumped a ing done by this crusade. Mayor awitch here at noon today and Gay commenda it very highly because Louisville, Jan. 15.-Finding that crashed into an eastbound freight of the good results with his own chil-

Detroit, Jan. 17.-A ruling by the The teachers generally have been at Washington the manufacturers of pecially have they been pleased with Pineville and Lynch, a delegation of penulty of \$1,000 was received today dren have done the chores. Miss Internal Revenue for Easter Michi- a thrilling report of what has been gan District.

Washington, Jan. 17,-Living costs in December, 1919, showed an iners of national prominence have been crease of twenty-one of the principal

Lexington, Jan. 17.—The agitation B. F. Goodrich Rubber Co., show their clothes clean and the floor unthe United States-one for every 11.8 home and in school. Also in addicember 31, 1919, when there were 7, own purse a prize of five dollars in

> Washington, Jan. 18.-After five hours of argument and oratory, the House, like a jury not required to be locked up, went home tonight to deliberate over the proposal to increase its membership from 435 to 483. Such a atorm of protest was raised, however, to the bill that House leaders predicted the verdict tomorrow would be against the increase and for an amendment holding seats to the present total.

> Washington, Jan. 17.—The right of the owner of liquor, legally acquired before the Volstead Act became effective, but whose goods are in distillery warehouses, to withdraw it for his personal consumption as may be done in the case of goods so acquired and stored in safe deposit vaults, is to be tested in the United Statea Supreme Court.

Counted the Telegraph Poles. ifow a woman lost a ring out of a railway carringe window-and got it back again-is told by a correspondent

In throwing some papers out of the window one of her rings fell off. A man aitting opposite immediately began

counting the telegraph polea, When the train arrived at, the next station he reported what had happened, and the station master sent a man to look for the ring at the spot indicated. Through this clever thought the ring was found and returned to ita owner.-From the Continental Edition of the London Mail.

### Canada's Great Winter Sport



Curling enthusiasts enjoying the great outdoor game at Banff, Canada.

cided that for its work in the schools and among the juniors it would organize the modern Health Crusade. This has been established and conaistently carried out in eleven rooma School in Berea and in six country ber of the A. E. F. is always this: schools in the chapter. It is reportdren and others have given similar testimonies.

United States Treasury Department very enthusiastic about the work, eshome-brewed beer are subject to a the willingness with which the chilby John A. Grogan, a Collector of Edith Tutt of the Todd school gives done there. She describes the activities of the pupils before the crusade was begun as being boisterous and the old helmet the shell-hit blew from last December as compared with those even rough and, after the manner of many school children, they engaged years ago and more. The villages of in pitched battles and she says that sometimes they went home bloody. of the undirected outlet of childish duced to neat plies of assorted pieces. energy. She says that when the health crusade was begun there was a complete change in the children's of its demolished predecessor. At in-Akron, O., Jan. 15 .- Motor vehicle behavior. In addition to the regularregistrations for the past year ob- ly required chores, Miss Tutt added tained from the various states by the politeness to fellow-students, keeping vigny—they all look much as they did cars and trucks in use throughout mud and being cheerful helpers at tillery behind the ninth infantry blew persons. This is an increase of 1,- tion to the buttons and badgea given gold to the knight or maid of honor who should make the best record during the school term. The girl who won the five dollars was not by any means the best of them at the beginning of school, but the stimulation of the crusade ied her to aurpass her

The Junior Red Cross in the school at Bobtown bought Christmas presenta for poor children in their own community, giving them especially useful things such as stockings and perhaps shoes—things they needed to keep them in school. This !s carrying out the spirit of the Red Cross and training future citizens to be thoughtful of the needs of their more unfortunate neighbors.

The seventh and eighth grades of the Training school have contributed \$10 for the relief of the starving children overseas. The third and fourth grades contributed \$4.80 to help in a diphtheria case in a needy family in our own community. The fifth and sixth grades responded to an appeal for money to buy shoes

for a child who was without them. The Public School contributed \$3.73 for the relief of the starving children overseas.

Both the Training School and the Public School are deeply interested in the work of raising money for unmistakable drone of childish volces. the assistance of the Children's Home Society. Madison county's quots is \$5,000 in this drive, to be raised among the school children. It is a very worthy cause and Berea is sure to do her part.

# JUNIOR RED CROSS DOINGS The Berea Red Cross chapter de-

New York,-To any American com-

"Well, how's it look over there? Changed much?"

To which, after some futile shortiived notion of describing the great mutilated stretch of France, with its million discouragements and Ita thousaid and one evidences of renewing life, the returning wanderer must needs answer:

"No, not much." For the impression that the old hattieficids make is of havoc undisturbed, parniysis uncured, Alexander Woollcott writes in the North American Review. The soldier who goes back to his old dugout in the woods near Grand I're is likely to find that only the stendy rains have reshaped it, that his head still lies where it fell two the Meuse, the Ourcq, the Veste and the Aisne look much as they did when the American troops trudged out of them for the last time. It is true that the rubble is gone from the streets, and the litter of stone has been re-Here and there a rough new cottage has been fashioned from the materials tervals there are unfamiliar shacks and barracks, But on the whole, Montfoucon and Fere-en-Tardenois and Juwhen the Yanks started home. Vaux that little Marne village which the arto bits in the excitement of June, 1918 -Vanx has only one new hullding. It is not much of a building at that-just a shack of wood and tarpaper. And it is not a diveiling at all. It is a

It is in the spaces between the viiinges that the change is so remarkable. You see it even in the rolling land of the Argonne and the hiasted countryside of the Chemin-des-Dames. For almost everywhere some tilling has been done.

Visitors to the American graves near Juvigny in the spring of 1919 maryeled to find that the old quarries along the raviue ou the side of the town, wbich bad once served as divisional headquarters, message centers and dugouts in time of battle, were theu serving as homes for the first six of the returning families, so that children were playing with the useless gas masks out in front while Spartan perce-neiges bloomed at cave entrances and the week's wash flapped in the wind.

Now another winter and another summer have gone by. The fields near by bave been largely cleared of their wire and shella and have yielded some food and a little income to Juvigny. Perbapa 200 people are back in the

It is because of this scantiness of reconstruction as far as home building goes that, as you walk along a ruined atreet, Juvigny accums a deserted city. But it is bardly that and you realize as much with something of a thrill when in a clearing amid the rubble, you come upon a barrack and catch through the windows the It is a school and a glance through the window shows row on row of pigtailed girls and black-amocked boys declaiming the fact that the Amazon is a river in i'Amerique du Sud or that Ceylon in an island where the tea romes from.

## PROPOSALS TO BE FOUGHT BY FARMERS

REAPPRAISAL OF REAL ESTATE CASES MAY BE TAKEN TO POLLS.

The inner Reason For This is To Be Found in a Deaira to Force Action on Was Ravesiad by C. A. Dyar.

Western Newspaper Union News Service. Columbus, O.-Intense opposition is to be directed at hearings to be begun before the Ohio Tax Commission against any proposition to reappraise real estate in 61 counties, which have not been revalued since 1910. The inner renson for this is to be found in a desire to force action on comprehensive taxation reform, as was revealed by C. A. Dyer, Jackson county, who represents the Ohio Grange, the Ohio Farm Bureau Federation and the Ohio Home Protective League. Mr. Dyer said the reappraised order would be contested in every possible way-that the fight would be carried to the courts and to the next election, if necessary. He explained that passage of the debt limitation iaw, which he believes, is certnin, would close up the last avenue for tax-spenders to be free with public money. If permission to increase the duplicate is granted, real estate will movement of her people, herself, bear all the taxes and no relief can be obtnined, Mr. Dyer added.

reduction in valuation, aithough John Zangerie, County Auditor, is in favor of the general reappraisement. The revelations, Mr. Dyer said, will be startling and will give a "real picture ers were compelled to cut down production as the result of economic conditions.

It will be claimed, he added, that, in is being sold below the taxation ap Lloyd-George, her premier. praisement in many instances. Heporta of earnest money on land purchases being foreclosed and the loss accepted rather than to complete the transaction, in face of present conditions, also will be submitted.

Jews Urge Ranistance to "Blua Laws." the United Synagog of America by its of the Women's League of the United when it becomes possible. Synagog, the opening session of which was conducted jointly with the parent organization. "Anti-Semitism," Dr. Solomon declared, "is rearing its ugly head in this land of tolerance, equality and brotherly love. While hardly to if successful, would tend to increase the hardships of the observing ortho-

Remambared Perfectly.

"Good old college days" are not always convenient social assets, An alumnns recently invited a pretty young woman to dine with him at a restaurant near the campus. "I used to go there when I was at coilege, he explained. "And I'll show you something of the atmosphere we used to have." The young woman con-sented eagerly. "Ah, remarked the man as they sat down, "there's the fellow who used to wait on me, Hello Tony!" Tony greeted his customer effusively. "See?" said the man. "Tony remembers me from the old "Sure i remember blin, miss," here every noon with a different girl." Latin America.

Bomb Thrown At Lanina,

London.—According to a dispatch to the Daily Telegraph from Moscow, an firm hand on Ireland is shown by her attempt was made to assassinate Lea- activity in hunting out those who are ine with a bomb as he was driving suspected of acts of terrorism. She from the Kremlin to attend the Eighth is now engaged in conducting one of Saviet Congress which is being held in the greatest raids ever made by a Moseow. The bomb was thrown from the top of an unoccupied house, and, missing Lenine's automobile, fell on of a square mile in the City of Dubthe ground in front of his guards, kill- lin by English soldiers. Within these ing six of them, as well as three other lines a diligent search is made for

Armaniana Are Dying. New York .- Thre than 200,000 Ar menian refugees between Kars and Alexandropol are dying because of lack of food and fuel, and anarchy stalks among them, latest advices from Armenia, by way of l'aris, received here by the Near East Relief, stated. Cessation of all transportation, coupled with a severe winter, adds to the appalling situation, it was asserted by M. Ahronian, president of the Armenian delegation to the peace conference, in forwarding from France Aronian messages dated January 7,

### World News

The report is current that Lord Reading has been selected by the English government for the position of viceroy to India. At the present time, when there is so much unrest in that country, this office is one of great importance. Lord Reading was sent to the United States as ambassador during the war and was highly regarded. He is of Jewish stock and haa risen to hold the highest judiciai Comprehensive Taxation Raform, As position in England. lie is tactful in manner as weil as learned in affairs of state.

> Norway has just succeeded in heading off a revolutionary movement. It was the plan to burn a large supply of lumber at Christiann, then carry on the work of destruction and terrorism. Radical elements among the laboring people were responsible for the plan. Norway is a liberal country, and there has been little disposition to acts of violence among her people. They are among the most peaceful and law-abiding in Europe.

It is interesting to learn that Italy has agreed to restrain her people from emigrating to the United States. She knows that a policy of restriction is under consideration in our Congresa and prefera to check the rather than have them excluded. Such a policy has long been in oper-It was revenied that property owners ation in the Oriental countries, and in Cuyahogn county would ask for a it has the advantage of preventing the growth of iii-wiil between nations.

A new cabinet has just been formed in France, under the lead of of the depressed conditions of the Aristide Briand. The new prime times as they exist." He said that farm- minister is a man of much experience. He speaks of his new cabinet as capable, but not great. In none of the countries engaged in the war cases, taxes are equal to the land rentais. If the reappraisal is ordered, he to the front. England comes nearest said, there may be a decrease in tax to recognizing merit and rewarding dupilcates, as property, it is declared, it by the support it continues to give

President Witson has fuffilled his promise of drawing a boundary line for the independent state of Armenia. He did this at the request of the Council of the Allies, and it turns out that he has taken less of Tur-New York.-Jewish registance to the kish territory than Engiand or France enforcement of bine laws, in that "they would have done. Conditions are so are anti-Jewish as well as un-Ameri- chaotic in Armenia, on account of can," was urged here at the opening the Russian occupation, that the session of the ninth annual meeting of President's work can serve no purpose for the present. The Allies, Solomon addressed also the 500 delegates to the fourth annual convention will doubtless act upon the decision

The Greek armies, in the Broussa section in Asia Minor, have been defeated by the Turks. This is something of an iil omen for the nation be classed as a piece of auti-Semitic under its returned King, Constantine. propagands, the attempt to bring The former ailies of Greece cannot about the so-called blue-law Sunday, be expected to give help or sympathy since the downfail of the statesman, Venezelos, disappointed them greatly. The whole situation in the East may be changed if Greece fails to hold her own against Turkey.

Germany is coming to be largely inder control of business leaders. A Pariiament of business men has been formed, and it determines policies as much as the Reichstag, or even more. They are straining to extend German interests in all parts of the world. Recent enterprises have been opened in Spain. Among these is a large bank with branches in South America and an electrical construction company with large capital. agreed Tony. "He used to come in Spain is a fine center for control in

That England intends to keep a persons. The bomb throwers escaped, those who are guilty of acts of violence.

"As Light an Air,"

"I have often been amused at this phrase," writes a correspondent, "It ta used by novelists and poets in a manner which suggests that air has no weight. But I doubt if they would like to carry a roomful of air if it was compressed into a dress-suit case. Air weighs 75 pounds a thousand cubic feet, and a room that measures 20 feet long by 10 feet wide by 12 feet high contains 180 pounds of air,"

### East Kentucky Correspondence News You Get Nowhere Else

is not for publication, but as an evidence of good faith. Write plainly,

#### JACKSON COUNTY

days which we had the past week found some farmers turning the sod preparatory for next crop.-A boy lng this week with Mrs. Armanda was born to Mr. and Mrs. Dave Gabbard, January 1; a new baby to Mr. and Mra. Matthew Berch on December 25; also a haby to Mr. and Mrs. Charley Baldwin, recently.-S. J. Nelson is seriously ill with rheumatism and kidney trouble.-John Cunagin has moved to his new home on

ing her children and other relatives at this place.

Nathanton Nathanton, Jan. 13.-James Wells from Matemora, Ind., has been visiting relatives at this place.—Abjiah Smith has been confined to bed for several weeks.-Neighbors have donated seventeen bushels of corn and gave money enough to run Uncle "Bige" until able to work again. He ls Improving fast.—T. D. Caudill an.i aon, M. M. Caudill, gave a birthday dinner at the home of the former. The guests were as follows: D. C. Evans and family, J. M. Dotson and family, T. D. Caudill, Jr., and family. The father was 72 years old. Has a grandchild for each year of age .-Billle Smith has moved from Cincinnatl and rented Arch Neeley's place near here.-Born to Mr. and Mrs. Elijah McWhorter, Jr., a fine girl, the last twelve months and since last named Annie May.-B. H. Holcomb court. Whose fault is it? We canwas badly injured when he stumbled not say. But we think it is time the and fell inside of stable door, and the frightened nag kicked him in the face. -Jason Lynch has rented Bitha Hol- taking steps toward stopping it. comb's farm for year 1921.-School closed at old Union with very lively entertainment.—The Junior boys and for a statutory offence. Eunice Ward girls club received charter this week.

Herd

George spent last Saturday night with Miss Icy Farmer.-Denver, the little and care of his mother. son of Mrs. Armanda Farmer is very sick with pneumonia fever; also the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Simpson is very sick with pneumonia. -Edith and Edna, the little daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Riley Simpson, were burned very badly today when teach.—Mr. and Mrs. Milas Daredon Mrs. Adam Price last Saturday and Gilbert Peter, Sunday.—Born to Mr. more than 80 years old, and was a are moving to Martin Cook's farm. Sunday. Mr. Cook has bought a house and lot in Hamilton, O.-George Amyx is

very poorly.-Paul, the little son of Parrot, Jan. 9.—The nice, spring sick,-Miss ley Farmer spent fast of three. Monday with Miss Martha Farmer .-Miss Laura Amyx of Egypt is spend-Farmer.

McKee

McKee, Jan. 17 .- Miss Sallie Belle Little and Talmadge Martin of Sand Gap were quietly married here a few days ago. We extend congratulations, and wish them long, prosper-Macinac Ridge.-Larkin Cornett has ous happy lives.-After a brief but moved to John Mahew's place on impressive funeral service at the Re-Laurel Branch .-- Mr and Mrs. David formed Church of America, the re-Hillard of Bridgeton, ind., have been mains of Willie McQueen were inin Jackson since October, visiting terred in the Hamilton Burying ground just below town, on January their children and looking for a lo-9. Willie was an overseas soldier cation .- Phee Hillard's, who have had and made the supreme sacrifice. He some severe cases of smallpox, have recovered, except Mrs. Hillard, who Thierry, France, and died from the is suffering with pleurisy and broneffects of his wounds just before chitis.-There was church today at reaching a base hospital in France. the Black Lick schoolhouse .- Mrs. The saddest part of it is, that neither Louisa Settle of Lynch has been visitreceive the body and have it placed away; but his near relatives and loving friends did all that could be done to show respect and honor to the memory of Willie, who sacrificed himself for the good of humanity.-Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Powell of Blue Lick. Madison county, are with Mrs. Powell's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Sparks, for an extended visit .-- Mrs. a few days, but is some better at this

> Jackson County Court News · Circuit Court has been in session here for the past two weeks. The grand jury returned 108 indictments. We are informed that very few indictments were made for "bootlegging" or moonshining," yet it is a wellknown fact that there has been a great of drinking in this county in sober, law-abiding citizens of the county were looking for the cause and

> Ray Davidson was sentenced to serve ten years in the state prison was the prosecuting witness.

Beechum Smith was sent to School of Reform at Green Dale. His Herd, Jan. 13.-Miss Jewell Me- brother, Carlo, being under ten years Cainer Wynn. of age, was returned to the custody

Carico

largest snow of the season last week. last Saturday.-Mrs. Mary R. Minter Wm. Wallace over the week-end.-The daughter of Mr. James Roberts, and -Mr. and Mrs. Void Woods were left for Hamilton, O., last Tuesday. Gentrys are moving to Mrs. Parker visiting the latter's parents, Mr. and Born to Rev. and Mr. W. M. Mcin-Anderson's place. Joe Tussey is improving now very Baby and mother doing fine.-Miss over on themselves.—Rutherford, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. Charlie fast.—The old Bend school is pro-little son of Mr. and Mrs. Charlie fast.—The old Bend school is pro-little son of Mr. and Mrs. Charlie fast.—The old Bend school is pro-little Farmer, has been very sick with pneumonia, but is improving.—Miss Liz.

gressing nicely with J. L. Jones as Mash McCollum was in Major Sunday.—Rev. G. W. Seale filled his regular is a larmony, Jan. 17.—There is a zie Short is very sick.—Mrs. Cora the river last week.—T. J. Faubus ular appointment at Rock Spring last right smart of sickness and some zie Short is very sick.—Mrs. Cora Akemon, who has been sick so long, is no better.—R. H. Farmer has gone to Foxtown to teach school and Harm Farmer has gone to New Zion to

Bradshaw

liam Napier this week.—Dewey Boggs land was in Major Wednesday.—Fred of McKee spent last week with his Sebastine took a trip to Woolf Creek brother, Jeff Boggs .- Misa Delsie last Sunday. Smith left here January 16 for Berea where she will begin a course in nursing .- Mr. and Mrs. James Bailey visited W. R. Shepherds Sunday .-Silas York and Mrs. Albert Anderary 33. Mr. York is the father of the Elden Baker property.-Algan Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Farmer, has been nine children; his bride the mother Lakes has moved to the Millian farm

> OWSLEY COUNTY Island City

Island City, Jan, 10 .- Our graded with our children during the term Richmond.-D. P. Walton made during the week, attending to the folks Saturday night and Sunday. many calls .- Albert Moore cut his leg with the ax, on day last week .-Mrs. Nan Becknell went to Endee odist church at Island City are al-The Citizen is a friend to the mounof agriculture.

Scoville

of Pleasant Grove has moved to the III. Harstock place on this creek .- Mr. and Mrs. Letcher Sizemore have moved to their new home which they purchased from Henry Wynn.-Clayton Rowland, who is teaching near Quicksand, spent the Christmas holidays with home folks and returned last Friday .- Miss Nettie Dooley, the Christmas holidays with her parents.-Alec Dooley, who has been at Hamilton, O., for the last nine months, returned home last week .-J. S. McPherson has sold his farm to Quinton Wilson .- Mr. and Mrs. Carl Flannery returned to their home at Hamilton, O., last week .- Mr. and Mrs. Ballard Isaacs of Buck Creek spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs.

Major

Major, Jan. 14.-Mr. and Mrs. Toin Beard of Breathitt county were the Carico, Jan. 17.-We have had the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Beard Wallace were visiting Mr. and Mrs. affliction upon his wife, who was the Mrs. John Summers, last week.-Mrs. tosh, a fine baby boy last Wednesday. and Mrs. W. B. Pendergrass, a fine member of the Baptist church. Her number of farmers in this section are baby boy last Thursday. Baby and remains were laid to rest in the Van- hauling their tobacco to Richmond

Spurlock is staying with Mrs. Wil-, ville last Thursday,-Miss Mae Row-

MADISON COUNTY f'anola

Panola, Jan. &-Mrs. J. B. Wilson

is very ill with tonsilitis. J. W. Richson were united in marriage, Janu- ardson has moved from Crooksville to near here, recently vacated by James Baker, who moved to the Car farm at Little Rock in Estill county .- Guy Woolery has moved back from Estitl county into the house recently vaschool closed Monday, January 10, cated by Gardner McGown-Am with much candy and other delicious ()verbey of flagerstown, Ind., returned things for the children. Mr. and Mrs. home Friday, after a two weeks' visit John Turner were the teachers. We with Kentucky relatives and friends return our kindest regards to them here and at Noland.-Aunt Rachel for their kindness and interest taken Walton is visiting her daughter near of six months' school at Island City. business trip to frvine and Ravenna We will be glad to recommend Mr. one day last week .- John Bicknell of and Mrs. Turner to any locality as Detroit, Mich., passed through here teachers.—The oil men have returned Friday on his way to Locust Branch, after a few days' vacation to resume where he will visit his brother, II. C. their work. They are getting along Bicknell, and other relatives and just fine, with prospects good-Rob- friends,-Everett Benge is at home ert J. Bowman, the lapidary, has been for a few days,-Jack Wilson, who is was wounded in the battle of Chateau in the eastern part of Owsley county employed at Ravenna, was with home

Bark Road, Jan. 17 .- Mrs. Nealia his father nor mother were here to last week to have some dental work Chrisman and family and Miss Mardone.-The Holy Rollers will be in tha Carr spent last Saturday night session at Buncum the second Sun- and Sunday with their sister, Mrs. day.-Services at the Southern Meth- Susie Kindred.-Mrs. T. II. Davis 18 on the sick list .- Mr. and Mrs. Jas. ways on the first of each month.- Denny and Clark Johnson spent Sunday with J. W. Layne and family .tain people. It offers advantagea ed- Born to Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Lavne. ucationally. Why not accept them? December 30, a fine girl, named floyet -Superintendent Creech and others Udell .- Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Kidwell gave interesting talks at our graded spent last Sunday night with the Illinois and was brought to the fam- flart. Emily Minter has been very sick for schoolhouse secently on the subject latter's mother, Mrs. J. E. Layne.-Susie Kindred was the dinner guest of her parents last Friday.-Sam Baker and family are sick with small his school at Cedar Grove Friday Scoville, Jan. 13.-John Holcomb pox.-David Kindred has been very

Wallaceton Wallaceton, Jan. 37 .- II. Kidd and family are moving from Wallaceton to Silver Creek to the farm known as the Ellen Mitchell farm .- Born to spent the past two weeks with home Mr. and Mrs. Fred Shockley, Janu. folks, has returned to his employment ary 3, a fine boy, named Edward M .- in Mamilton, O. who is teaching at Sharpsburg, spent Mike Jinnings and family have moved to Villa Grove, III .- John Anderson and family have moved to Jennings' farm.-Miss Addie Hehry visited the Gentrys one night last week .- Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Calico, Dora and Grace visiting at J. W. Wallace's Sunday .-Tode Watson and family have moved 27, 1886. to Wallaceton in the house recently vacated by Dove Bowlin.-We are Ballard, Jr., back to Wallaceton .-Mrs. Wesley Calico was visiting her

GARRARD COUNTY

Bradshaw, Jan. 17 .- Miss Pearl erts made a business trip to Beatty- was more than 70 years of age and to the farm owned by J. E. Ham-

## Potts' GOLD DUST Flour

is made of best wheat and by most improved methods

BEST BY TEST

For Sale By All Grocera

R. L. POTTS & SON Whites Station. Kr.

sister, Mrs. Frank Likins, died Janu- monds.-Clarence Abrama has moved

Phone 156-3

CLAY COUNTY Vine

ily cemetery at Tyner for burial.-Mat Pennington sold a two-year-old mule for \$170.-Chartey Clay closed and returned to his home near Peoples.-T. N. Roberts made a businesa trip to Owsley county last week .-The Misses Bettle and Fannie Howard attended church at Buncum last Sunday.—The singing is progressing nicely.-Marion Rutherford, who has

**OBITUARY** 

On Sunday night, January 2, 1921, A. F. Roberts of Oneida, Clay county, of Hamilton, O., is back at home Kentucky, after months of intense a few days.—J. W. Martin has been suffering, departed this life. He was attending court at McKee for the Gentry and Miss Clara Bowlin were the son of Rev. A. D. Roberts, Owsley, Kentucky. He was born, April

Early in life he united with the church throughout his life.

His death causea profound sorrow day last week .- Mr. and Mrs. Edd cially does it lay the heavy hand of his six children, his five brothers and

> held in the chapel of Oneida College, bacco, while some have not put theirs Tuesday 10 a. m., by Rev. Hanibal on the market .- J. M. Abney was in Morgan and Rev. York, he was quiet. Richmond last week on business .ly laid to rest in the Cemetery of School closed at Johnetta Tuesday, Oneida.

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY Big Clear Creek

Big Clear Creek, Jan. 34.-Quite a mother are doing fine.-Ernest Rob- Hook graveyard.-Sister Lane, who warehouse.-Bill Murphy has moved

ary 17, of dropsy. She was a good to the place where Bill Murphy lived. woman. Her husband preceded her -School closed January 6 with a to the Great Beyond several years nice candy treat .- Willie Mullina and ago. She leaves four girls and one Sherman Swinford have just returned son .- Aunt Emily Collett, wife of home after two days in Mt. Vernon Jackson Collett, is down with pneu- on business .- Mr. and Mrs. Ray Swinmonia fever, but is thought to be im- ford are leaving for Richmond, where proving.-Everybody is trying to get they will make their future home, as their tobacco to market, though the he has a position of barbering-James tobacco that has sold has brought a Cruse has moved from head of the low price as compared with last year, creek to Hig Hill.-James Settle will occupy the place where he lived .-- Roena Hammond will enter the rural school at Harts, Monday and will Vine, Jan. 15 .- Mrs. M. L. Fergu- board with her aunt, Minnie Gadd son is visiting her son, Chas. Fergu- Mrs. Fannic II. Hart has been on the son, near Maulden .- Mrs. Rebecca sick list for the past two weeks .--Rice is very poorly.-Mr. and Mrs. Mr. and Mrs. Noah Gabbard visited 1f. C. Morgan and Mrs. Martha Mas- her home folks last week.—Elijah Absey, of Laurel Creek, have spent the ney has moved to the farm of Henry past two weeks with relatives and Abney,-Dempsie flart and Ronald friends in Casey county and Ohio .- Swinford are in Berea school this win-Mr. and Mra. Stephen St. John and ter-Lee Roy and Frank Wyatt of Mrs. Alice Bowman have gone to Berca spent the past two weeks with Ohio, where they expect to make relatives here .- Aunt Mollie Cook, their home.-Mr. and Mrs. G. V. Fer- sister of Aunt Eliza Hammond, has guson of Lower Burining Springs left for Hamilton, where she will were called to Tyner Tuesday on ac- spend the winter with her daughtercount of the death of the latter's !n-law .-- John Hammond spent the sister, Mrs. Alpha Hall, who died in night with Raymond and Charles

> ROCKCASTLE COUNTY Threelinks

Threelinks, Jan. 17.-Rev. W. T. Freeman of Berea will preach at the Christian church Saturday night, January 22; also Sunday and Sunday night,-Thomas Casteel and family of Mill Stone, Letcher county, are back and report mine work dull .-Miss Minnie Hampton, who has been employed in Hamilton, O., is among home folks for the winter-W. C. Jackson and Robert Martin of Horse Creek neighborhood were in Threelinks Saturday on business-Lou V. Phillips is seriously ill.—B. T. Anglin past week .- Clay Dooley went to Lexington Saturday to take a civil service examination for railway mail clerk.-The singing school at Hickory Christian church and was a consist- Valley schoolhouse is doing good glad to welcome Mr. and Mrs. Pal ent and faithful member of that work .- Mrs. Millard Anglin is very, sick at present.-Abe Anglin has returned from Perry county, where he parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jim Ogg, one over the entire county, and espe- got mashed in the mines some few weeks ago.

Johnetta

Johnetta, Jan. 36 .- Farmers of this only sister, Mrs. Brack Rowland. section are somewhat worried about After funeral services, which were the prices they have received for tothe 13th, with Georgie Brannaman as teacher.—Miss Eva Abney and Miss Wilmouth Abney were visiting Miss America Abrams of Climax last week, who is seriously ill-William Drew made a business trip to Beren last week.-Luther Bowman left today for Richmond with a load of to-

(Continued on Page Eight)

## Your Opportunity

COLLEGIATE-The crown of the whole institution, which provides standard courses in all advanced subjects. Courses leading to Classical, Scientific, Philosophical and Literary Degrees.

NORMAL-The school which trains both rural and city teachers, with special attention given to rural teaching. Equal standing with State Normala, and graduates are given state certificates, I-year, 3-year and 4-year courses. Six-year course beyond the common branches for B.Ped.

ACADEMY-The Preparatory course, four years, is the straight road to Coilege. The English course of two years is designed for those who do not expect to teach nor go through College. It gives the best general education for those who cannot go further in school.

VOCATIONAL-I'rofessional courses combined with literary subjects. For young men: Agriculture, Carpentry, Bricklaying, Printing, Blacksmithing, Painting and Commerce. For young women: Home Science, Sewing, Nursing, Bookkeeping and Stenog-

FOUNDATION SCHOOL—General education in the common branches for students of good mental ability, above 15 years of age, who have been deprived of the advantages of early education.

MUSIC-Cabinet Organ, Plano, Singing, Theory, Band and Orchestra. A fine opportunity to become a good musician at a very low cost.



Ladies Hall and Main Dining Room

### Cost Exceedingly Low WITHIN THE REACH OF THE POOR

Any ambitious boy or girl in the mountains can go through Beres College, or any of the Alifed Departments, for \$150 a year. At each student is required to do some work, the above amount is reduced by the amount of work performed. A student of energy and reliability can greatly reduce the cash payment by work, but no student may expect to work out his entire expenses.

PAYMENT MUST BE IN ADVANCE and may be in cash or labor credits or both.

EXPENSES FOR THE WINTER TERM

Incidental fee for the term ..... \$ 6.00 \$ 6.00 Room upkeep for the term ...... 8.40 Board, 6 weeks ...... 16.50 15.00 Amount due first of term ......\$30.90 \$29.40

> Board, 6 weeks, due middle of term .....\$16.50 \$15.00 Total for term ......\$47.40 \$44.40

For Vocational and Foundation students, subtract \$1.00 from the above incidental fee. For College students, add \$1.00. Every atudent must send \$4.00 deposit in advance, otherwise, room will not be reserved. Commerce. Stenography, Typewriting and l'enmanship are from 50c. to \$1.00 a week extra. Music is also from 50c. to \$1.00 a week extra.

COST OF LIVING. By good business management and studied economy, the College is able to reduce the cost of living in Berea to the lowest possible figure. The times are working hard against us and the constant battle with the high cost of all commodities is a trying one, but thus far the College has won. Tuition is free, incidental fee \$5, \$6, and \$7 a ierm, according to the course taken, room and board for about \$125 a year and many other valuable and necessary additions to the student's school life, such as symmasium, athletica, hospital and lectures are free. All students from the mountains above fifteen years of age, of good character, studious habits and a willingness to work are invited and will find a wholehearted weicome io Berea, bui they must make reservations in advance.



Gardiner took up the copy, fobled it carefully, and put it in his pocket hook. "Now, Mr. Riese" he said. "we're in for this thing, and there's no hacking out. At least you're in for it. You have sent a letter, in your

handwriting, such as it is, or flarris, and I have a copy of it in your handwriting, in my pocket. If this thing ever gets out these letters will make good evidence."

#### CHAPTER X.

The Gambiera.

flarris found some difficulty in providing that affairs of the farm would proceed satisfactorily during his sixsence, but at last they were arranged, If not exactly to tils liking, at lesst in s manner that promised little loss, It was most unfortunate that Mary, in a moment of headstrong passion quite without precedent in his experience of her, bad determined upon a visit just st the time when she was particularly needed at home. If Harris had been quite fair he would have remembered that there had been no time in the inst twenty-five years when she had not been needed at home, and the present occasion was perhaps no less opportone for her visit than many others.

The hired man, in consideration of baving no field work to do, finally consented to milk the cows and deliver the silly daily to Mrs. Itiles, who would convert it into butter-for a consister stion of so much per pound. To his good neighbors, the Grants, Harria turned for assurance that should be and Allan be delayed on their trip, or should the harvest come in earlier than expected, ample steps would be taken

So, with these arrangements complete, the farmer and his son drove into Ptainville one tine bright morning at the end of July, ready for their first long trtp lato the New West. Imleed. it was Allan's first long journey anywhere; an excursios to Winnipeg st the time of the summer exhibition had been the limit of his experience of travel, and the hard work of the farm had not yet extinguished the young man's desire for novelty and excite ment.

6,110

Harris got off at the rallway station to huy the tickets; Alian went to the post office on the odd chance of any letters awsiting delivery, and the hired man turned the borses homeward. The station sgent was threading his way through his car report, sml remained provokingly unconscious of Harris' presence at the ricket window. The farmer took no pains to concest his impatience, coughing and shufling obviously, but it was not until the last box-car had been duly recorded that the agent deigned to recognize his ex-

istence. "Nothing for you from-," he said, mentioning the matt order house from which flarris made most of his pur-

"Well, I didn't expect snythin'," re-torted the farmer, "aithough you're just as likely to have it when I don't as when I do. How much is a ticket to Calgary?"

"You got the land fever, too?" the agent asked, as he consulted his tariffs. "Itiles went up the other day. You'll be making a cleanup on the chepp land, I suppose. But I tell you, Harris, if I'd a farm like yours you couldn't pry me off it with a pinch-bar. No more worries for little Willie, and I'd lesve the free lumi to those that haven't got any-like myself,"

"Worry!" snorted Harris. "What do you worry about? You get your pay, whether it freezes or halls or shrivels up with one of these Dakota

The agent thought of the piles of reporta on his table, but as he thumped the stamp on the thekets he answered, "Oh, I worry over the Monroe doctrine." He left the farmer counting his change, and turned to his reports. "Another money-grubber gone crazy with the heat," he muttered. "If I'd his wad wouldn't I burn this wire with one hot, short sentence!"

Harris met his son on the platform. "What d'ye think, Dad? A letter from illies." He drew the crumpled missive from its envelope. "Looks like a laundry ticket," he said, "but I figured it ont, sad he wants you to aell the farm

and buy a coal mine." Harria read the letter through, not without some difficulty. At first he was inclined to laugh, but the earnestness of Itilea impressed him through

the makeshift English. "What d'ye think of it, Duit?" anid the younger mun, at length. "Of | course we don't know snything shout

"It must look good to Itilea or he wouldn't want to put any money in it," commented Harris, after a few minutes' reflection. "Itilea la pretty cauttons. He's got money in the bank drawin' three per ceni; he's afraid to lend it out among the farmers. And he ain't easy talked into a new scheme,

"D'ye suppose we could sell the farm?" The idea of a big, profitshie speculation anddenly appealed to Allan with much greater force than the prespect of three years on a homestead. He knew that vast sums of

noney had been made, and made quickly, in the Far West, but he had never before thought of himself or his father sharing in this sudden wealth

"D'ye suppose we could sell the farm?" he repeated. It began to seem that the short-cut to wealth hinged on the possibility of selling the farm.

"I guess we could sell it, all right," said lisrris. "Maybe not for that much cash, but we can get cash on the agreement, if we need it." He was not a man to act precipitately, or risk all on a single throw unless he were very, very aure of the result.

"Of course, maybe it's all right," he continued. "Itnt it's a good thing to huy your buggy before you throw sway your cart. if this thing's as good ss Itiles says, it will keep until we can see it for ourselves. If it don't, somethin' else'll turne up."

"Yes," said Allan, "but if we find it's all right when we get there, and we've only s few measly hundred dollars slong, we'll want to kick ourselves all the way home. Lots of fellows are making hig money just hecause they had some capital to work with, and why shouldn't we do it, too? Couldn't you fix it some way to get the money without coming back, if everything looks all right? That'd save time and expense, too."

"There's something in that. There's time to see Bradshaw yet before the train comes. We'll kind o' leave it standin' la hia hands."

They made s hurried call on Bradshaw, and asked him to be on the lookout for a huyer for the farm.

"Mind, I'm not actu'lly puttin' it up for sale," Harris cautioned him, "hut I want you to keep your eye open for a huyer. Forty thousand dollars takes the whole thing as a goin' concern, an' the more cash the hetter. Get s line on the buyer if you can, and if I send you word to sell, you sell, and if I den't send you word, don't do snythin'. You understand?"

The iswyer wrote nomething on a sheet of paper. "This is a power of attorney, which will enable me to complete the documents without the delay of sending them to you, if you should decide to sell," he explained. Harris signed the paper, and Alisn witnessed

With this understanding the journey westward was undertaken, and completed without eveat of impor-

Riles met them on the atstlon pistform. He had met every train for a be better that the Harlssen should not visit Gardiner's ranch until plans were more fully developed. Jim was still there, and Gardiner insisted that Jim should not meet Harris at present. He sllowed Riles to think that he finred trouble if former emcoal mine proposition should reach the ears of Travers the young man would attempt to dissuade Harris from have ing anything to do with it, or at least to make of Travers an unwitting party same time?"

to the affsir. Itiles, in overalls and shirt-sleeves, stuffed in the buiging band of his an ample ration of tobacco. watched the passengers alighting from Harris on this occasion, and, if the truth he tobt, he had little desire to meet bim. Hilles had no pungs of conagainst his old neighbor, but he had I was just kind o' curious about il." an uneasy feeling of cowardice. When suddenly his eye fell on Harris and his blg, strapping son, his first impulse was to slip away in the crowd hefore they should notice him. Itut it was only for a moment; the next, Harria was calling, "'Lo, Hiram," and the two were shaking hands as old friends met In a far country.

"Pblja get my letter?" asked Rilea, ignoring the commonplaces with which it was their custom to introduce any important topic. "Didja aeli the

farm?" "I got the letter, Hiram, but I didn't sell the farm. Thought we'd just have a look over this coal mine before goin'

into the business altogether." "H-a-h. Throttle your voice flown, This place is full of men on the lookout for somethin' like that, an' you can't keep it too dark until it'a ail

settled." "Well, ain't we going to put up somewhere?" said Allan, breaking the allence that followed, Riles' warning.

"There ought to be an Alberta hotel here, somewhere. I saw one in every town for the last two hundred miles." "I got that best," said Riles, with a "Boardin' on a lord, or duke, or somethin'."

"Don't any?" . "Yeh. You mind Gard-ner? Him 'at lij out from Plainville after that stealin' affair?

"The one you gut credit for bein' mixed up in?" said Allan, with disconcerting fraukttess. "A lame kind of a lord he'd make. What about



"Does Tsete Kind o' Snsky," Said

"Well, he struck s aoft thing out here, fo' sure. This lord I'm teilin' yon about's gone off home over some bloomin' estate or other, an' Gard'ner's running his ranch—hia bloody well rawnch' he calls it. Geta a good fat wad for ridin' round, sa' hires a man to do the work. But II was Gard'ser put me on t' this coal mise desl."

"Let's get settled first, and we'll talk about Gardiner and the mine afterward," said Hisrria, and they joined the throng that was now wending its way to the hotels.

"How's your thirst, Hiram?" in quired Harris, after he had registered. "I'retty sticky," confessed Riles. "But they soak you a quarter to wash It out here."

"Well, I get a quarter." "A quarter spiece, I mean." "Well, I got a quarter aptece," sald

Harris. "Come on." Riles followed, sstonishment over Harris' sudden liberality, and misgiving an to how he himself could avoid a similar expenditure, strugglisg for

apperment place in his mind. "l'retty strong stuff they have here," he said, after Harris and Allan had "set 'em up" in turn. "Keel you over if you don't watch it."

"Doea taste kind o' ansky," aald Harris, "Guess that's enough for this time. Now come upstsirs and tell us all about this deal you have on."

When the travelers had thrown off their coats and vests, and atl were aested in the little hedroom, Riles cleared his throst. "Well, there ain't much t' tell yuh,

more'n I said in m' letter," he atarted "As I said, it's Gard'ner you'll have t' thank for this thing, good or had. I ain't a coal miner, sn' I told him that, an' I told him yon wasn't neither, hut week, sa it had been sgreed that it he says that don't make no difference, He says there's all kinds o' money in it, an' I reckon that's what we came ont here for, ain't it?"

"Yes, provided the thing's sound." sald Harris. "Anyone can see with half an eye that there's easter ways of making mouey than bustin' up this s matter of fact, he feared that if their prairie sod for it. But you and me've worked hard for what we've got, lliram, and we want t' go mighty care-

"I suppose yon've sent home word would urge a fuller investigation than to sell your farm, have you!" put la might be desirable. Besides, he meant Alian. "You'll be chipping in st the

"Oh, yes, I'll he chippin' in. Of course. But I didn't just say to sell leaned against the iron rall at the back | the farm yet. I'll have t' get back an' of the station platform, his hig hunds straighten things up some first. You ace. I thought you'd get my letter betrousers, and his under jaw busy with fore you left, an' you could kind o' He make your deal then, an' your payment would hold the bargain bound the train with little interest; he had until I could sell mine, y' see, Harno particular expectation of meeting ris?" Itiles was beginning to address himself mainly to the older man.

"Don't take me up wrong," and Allan. "I'm in on this along with Dad, aclence over his part in the plot if he's in; nn' tf he's ont, I'm out. But

"It's all right, it's all right," assured Riles, with great magnanimity. inwardly he was cursing Gardiner for having left this task to him. He was suspicious of a trap in the simplest question, and feared that any minute he might find himself floundering in a mesh of contradictiona,

"Where is this coal mine, and who's got It?" said Harris,

"I ain't saw it myself," sdmilted lilles. "They're awful p'tic'lsr about lettin' people see it," he continued, with a audilen finsh of inspiration. "It's so valu'ble, y' know."

"'Fraid somehody'll bring it home tn their pocket, I suppose," said Al-

Itiles prelended to laugh heartily. "Itut where is it?" inslated Harris. "Is there a railroad near, or how do you get at lt?"

"It's up in the mountains, an' that's all I can tell you; but it's all right, an' there's a pile o' money in it. I guess I better bring Gard'ner down in the morning, an' he'li explain all about it. Y' see, he knows the fellow 'at owns it, an' I don't, an' he'll be able to iell you. That is, if you're goin' in on ii. Gard'ner won't any muck unless he knows you're goin' in on It."

"Well, he'll have to may a good deal before he knows," said Harris. ain't huyin' a pig in a poke. He's goi t' show me, and then if it's all right, why, it's all right."

"Oh, li's all right," said Riles, although inwardly he felt little enthnsiasm over the attitude of either fa-

ther or son. the was amnoyed that Allan should be present. On the whole, would be better to leave the rest of the explaining to Capliner.

"What pl'ye think of it. Dad?" said Allm, when Albs was gone.

"May be all right," subl Harris Wouldn't be surprised but it is. At the same time, I sin't goin' fo put a cent in it till I'm dead sure. And snywny, there's no use lettin' lilles think ke're keen on it."

"That's what I think. You think Gardiner's all square in it?"

"I don't know. Likely he's getting a fat commission from somewhere, but that's fair enough, if he makes the deal. But he won't see any o' our money till I have the opinion of the best lawyer in town. That's all we can say till we see it."

"What d'ye say if we sell the old farm anywny, an' then if this mine business don't look good, we'll plunk It into farm land?"

"Might do worse," his father sgreed. "We'll have a look round for a day or two, anyway."

In the afternoon Gardiner and Riles drove into town and met the Harrises in the waiting room of the hotel. Gardiner's greeting was friendly, but not overfsmillar, sa hecsme s man who had recently suffered some reflection on his character. He shook Harrls and Allan by the hand, inquired nfter the cattle and the crops, but discreetly svoided family matters, baving learned from Riles that sli had not been going smoothly is their doprestic sffairs. Gardiner knew a little

room at the hack of the bar, to which he escorted his guests. Having ordered s hottle and glasses on the table, he turned the key in the door,

"You can't he too careful," he explained. "You know, the walls have ears, and if it gets out that this coal mine can be picked up at the price we have on it, it will be taken before night. I understand your money ts not here yet, Mr. Harris?"

"No. Not started, I guess. The fact is, I haven't sold the farm." "Well. I don't want to hurry you, hut you've got to act quickly, or sot at all. Of course, we don't figure on taking any chasces. Our idea is to turn the property over at once, at a good profit. That's the way you feel bout it too, im't it?"

"I'm not s coal miner." "Exactly. Neither are the men who own most of the mines of this country. There comes a time, Mr. Harris. when we realize that we don't have to get down with pick sad shovel to make ourselves some money-in fact, the msn with pick and shovel hasn't time to make any real money. I am glad you feel like I do about it, for I have already taken the liberty of putting the proposition up to a New

York syndicate." "You meas if we don't come through, they will?"

"No, I mean that we'll come through -and they'll come after ns. My idea la not to take sny chances, but to self the property, or as good as sell it, before we buy it. So I sent a government report on it to this ayndicate, as I heard they were looking out for coal lamis in the West, and I just took the liherty of offering it to them for w cool quarter of a million, and gave them until tonight to accept or refuse, hy wire. I'm a little anxious for sn snawer, although If they don't take It others will. You see, the old fellow that owns it simply hasn't any idea what it's worth. He has lived in the hills until he looks like on and a antchelful of money in real bills simply dazzle hlm. A check wouldn't serve the purpose; he'd be suspicious of it, and he'd come down to investigate, and some one would be sure to crimp our deal."

"And suppose I don't like the look of the mine when I see it?"

"Then you hring your money hack down with you and put it into farm lands, or snything eise that takes your fancy. After you look it over, if you don't want to go in on it, Mr. Hsrria, perhaps Riles and I can raise enough ourselves to swing the deal, but you see we thought of you from the first, and we will stay with our original plan until you have a chance to decide one way or another."

"Well, that sounds fair," said Allan, and his father nodded. "But we haven't sold the farm, and until we do I guess there isn't much money in sight,"

"Bradshaw'll sell the farm quick enough if I send him word," his father assured him. "He may not get it all in money, but he'll get a good part of it, and he has ways o' ruisin' the balance so long's the security is good. I've half a mind t' wire bim t' close

(Continued Next Week)

Thank God Every Morning.

Thank God every morning when you get up that you have something to do that day which must be done whether you like it or mit. Itelng forced to work and forced to do your best will breed in you temperance, self-control, diligence, strength of will, content, and a hundred virtues which the idle never know.-Charles Kingsley.

Two injured Seriously. Muncle, Ind .- William 1. Fitzpat-

rick, 28 years old, and R. H. Swiharl, 26 yests obi, electriciana, may die as the result of hurns suffered when two oil switches at the plant of the Indiana General Service Company exploded and threw burning oil upon them. Fitspatrick is chief electrical engineer for the company. Industrial power users were without current,

## CANAL DEFENSE PLANS ARE MADE

GIVING LITTLE THOUGHT TO DANGER FROM THE AIR.

TO PROVIDE MORE BIG GUNS

Entrance to the Waterway Airesdy Wall Guarded, but Chief Manaca, Say Experts, is in Attacks by Bomb-Carrying Planes.

By EDWARD B. CLARK.

Washington.-The members of the house committee on appropriations for sea coast defenses and fortifications are virtually agreed upon a plan to make the t'anama ranal impregnable." Can it be made impregnable without great sir force? To this question, seemingly, congress is giving little thought.

Senator Harding went to Pansma not long sgo and came back determined, it is said, that something more must be slone to hold the great waterway safe against the strack of an enemy. The present plans seem to be to emplace some more big guns off the Atlantic and the Pacific entrances to the canal. There are military men who say that congress should pay chief heed to the subject of airpianea, and even to the layman there seems to he a good deal of horse sense lu this proposition,

When the canal was completed, and while it was being hullt, for that matter, the muestion of defense was under discussion by the military experta. Always there must be taken into consideration the possibility, and even the probability, perhaps, that the United States will tose command of the seas. As things are today, however, it would be exceedingly difficult for an enemy fleet, even if it beld the seas, to get near enough to the en trance of the Panama canal to do any damage by shelling.

Entrance Wall Protected.

The gray and green defenses on Toro Point and Marguerhita Island on the Atlantic side ami the islands of Naon, Flamence, Perico and Culebra on the l'acific side will serve the purpose probably of keeping enemy fleets at a safe distance. It is proposed now to mount great guns on an Island la the Pacific which lies about ten miles outside the present defenses.

An enemy fleet, baving disposed of the Americas fleet, would not be able, as has been sald, to even so much as approach within rasging distance of elther entrance to the canal, but there is nothing to prevent the great fleet from covering a landing force which possibly could make its way overland through the jungle to the great commercial highway, and perhaps, if the force was strong enough, capture it, or, at nny rate, put some part of It out of commission before being compelled to retreat.

The airpiane, probably, is the greatest menace to the safety of the l'anama canal. The United States in the ble war spent a lot of money in getting ready to build flying machines. They are necessary to nieet other flying machines to prevent the others from doing damage. There will be nothing to prevent bombing machines leaving the decks of enemy ships to make their way over the l'anama cansi and drop hombs in sufficient numbers to put some one of the locks out of commission.

There will be nothing to prevent this unless like can be met by like." Antiaircraft batteries are of comparatively little service against airplanes. The grent war proved this. The avlators dbl not fear the anti-aircraft guns in the least. It was not "once in a lifetime" that a plane was brought down by the fire of ground guns, planes to meet airplanes," any the milltnry men.

When the Panama canni was completed the question whether or not the outlying jungle offered a defense or a menace to the safety of the canal was a matter of controversy. Some millitury authorities said that the tangled nature of the jungle made it almost impenetrable for land forces. Other military forces disagreed and said that it offered the hest kind of cover for an approaching enemy force.

There is a difference of opinion concerning the means for guarding the canal. In 1916 the difference became so marked that ranking officers of both field and engineering experience were sent to Panama to study the situation and to decide between the controversallsts.

Preparing for Inauguration Day. inanguration preparations are go-

ing ou at a rapid pace. Lacal committees have been formed with lists ot names that rend like pages from the blue book of the local aristocracy and the Congressional Directory. If any man or woman of so-called standing has escaped, he or she probably will be heard from in a day or two, aml sa additional name or two will be blazoned on the rosters of committees.

Very soon now the sound of the hammer will be heard on the avenue. The great thoroughfure called "l'ennaylvania" which sweeps onward from the Capitol past the treasury building and the White House soon will be lined with grandstands from which the populace, by paying a "properly regulated" price, will be allowed to witness the passing parade and also to witness the "didos" which, while to be thrushed."-Boys' Life.

not a part of the parade proper, will be provided for the entertainment of the out-of-town visitors. As the people sirendy know probably, these didos are to be in the nature of a so-called Mardi Gras.

A semi-official announcement from the White House has it that Frestdent Wilson now feels strong enough HOUSE COMMITTEE, HOWEVER, IS to admit of his making a promise to take the regulation part of an outgoing President in the imaguration ceremonies. This means that Frest dent Wilson will accompany Presioleut-elect libriling from the White House to the Capitol, and will sit on the great sisnel east of the hig building while the President-elect takes the eath of office und makes his inaugurni address. Inasmuch as the inaugural address issts ordinarily about forty minutes and the speech is mode outdoors while the cold March winds are blowing, the ordeal through which Mr. Wilson must pass can be understood.

May Bs Oriven in Doors Again. Early on the morning of March 4 President-elect libriling will go to the White House where he will enter an automobile with President Wilson. Mr. Harding will sit on Mr. Wilson's left on the drive to the Capital, because the right, which is the piace of rank, will belong to the man who still is President of the United States. On the way back to the White House from the Capitol Mr. Harding will sit on the right and Mr. Wilson, as ex-I'resident, will sit on the left. A few words spoken by the chief justice of the United States in the form of an oath-giving sml the response which Mr. Harding will make, mark the passing from one man to another of the privilege of "sitting on the right."

If the wenther of March 4 be inclement, the ceremony of inauguration will take place, as it did in 1909 when Mr. Taft was inaugurated, in the senate chamber. Everybody rememhers probably the weather conditions which beset the ceremonles stiending Mr. Taft's induction into office. One of the worst blizzards of the season set in on the night of March 3, and continued until 2 o'clock on the after-

noon of March 4. The pension hutbling, which has one huge ground floor room with magnificent pilisrs at ita four corners, probshly is to be given over for the in-augural ball. This will necessitate the closing down of most of the pension activities for at lenat two weeks. The lower floor is used for records which must all be moved to apper stories and then he moved back again. The pension building, however, is the only structure in Washington except the Capitol, aultable for a ball, and so congress probably will allow the use of it for a "presidential purpose."

Thres May Quit Supreme Banch. Men of hoth parties in Washington, looking into the near future, see at least three vscancles on bench of the Supreme court of the United States, and believe that President-elect Harding will have three vscated seats to fill la that always au-

gust assembly. Gossip connects the names of Chief Justice Edward Douglasa White and of Associate Justice Oliver Wendell Holmes and Joseph McKenna with sn intention to retire within the next six months. The oldest judge on the bench is Mr. Holmen, who was born in Boston, Msss., March 8, 1841, and who therefore will reach the age of eighty years just four days after President elect Harding is inaug-

Justice McKenna is next in age t Justice Holmen, having been born August 10, 1843. He was seventy-seven

years old last August. Chief Justice White was seventyfive years old in November last. The age at which sny judge voluntarily may retire from the Supreme bench la seventy years, provided he has served ten years on the bench of the

tribunal. Justice William R. Day reached the voluntary retiring age a year and a half ago, but he la not generally associated in the minds of politicians here with the intention of early retire-

Of the three justices who, it is possible, may yield to the temptstion to return to private life, two are Republicana and one, Mr. White, is a Democrat.

Hughsa and Taft Suggested.

Two names most closely associated with President-elect Harding's intenlions in the matter of appointmenta to the Supreme bench, provided there are vacancies, sre Charlea Evans Hughes and William Howard Taft. Washington aeems to be about equally divided in opinion as to whether Mr. Hughes is to go into the cabinet or on the bench. As for Mr. Taft'a appointment to a judicial position, the talk largely thus fur is of the nature of a mple gossip.

Chief Justice White will administer the oath of office to I'resident-elect liarding on the platform built out from the east portico of the White House at moon on March 4. The oatl probably will be given on the little Bible which is in the possession of the Supreme court of the United States and on which a considerable numbe of Presidents have laid their righ hands and sworn to uplied the Con

stitution of the United States. · It may be, however, that Warren G Harding, as a few other President have done before, will bring with hir to Washington a family lible or Ter tament, upon which, for sentiments reasons, he may wish to take the oat

of office. Or Get its Ears Pulled. "Pa, why do they any in the marke reports that wheat is pervous?" "I guess, son, it is because it expect

#### LOCAL PAGE

NEWS OF BEREA AND VICINITY, GATHERED FROM A VARIETY OF SOURCES

Judge Rominger is visiting with relatives in Ohio this week.

the home of Mr. and Mrs. Waiser last week-end.

D. N. Weich has purchased J. E. l'arsons' farm near Bobtown.

Mrs. Reece, who was formerly with the College Hospital, has again taken up work there.

B. C. Shorte of Jackson and Thomas Utze of Butier were visiting with Mr. and Mrs. Alien Williams fast week. Mrs. Buster Maupin, who has been

slowly improving.

and babe are at the College Hospital and are doing fine.

O., Tuesday by the critical illness of happy life together.

Leonard and Charles Hatfield are spending a pleasant vacation with their parents. They are both employed with the Ford Automobile Co. Detroit.

C. A., will speak in Union Church been in business in Berea for a long of mumps. on Sunday next at 11:00 o'clock.

Notary Public

Phone No. 49

### W. B. WALDEN

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Practice in all Courts

Berea Natl. Bank Bldg. BEREA. KY.

SEE W. F. KIDD FOR

### **REAL ESTATE**

BEREA - · KENTUCKY

F. L. MOORE'S

## Jewelry Store

FOR First Class Repairing

AND

Fine Line of Jewelry

### List Your Property FOR SALE

with

Scruggs, Welch & Gay **REAL ESTATE AGENTS** Berea, Kentucky

> Quality that will appeal at prices that are right

## Clothing Shoes

### For Men and Young Fellows



Glad to have you call

J. M. Coyle & Co. Chestnut St., Berea, Ky.

Chas. C. Preston, the hustling contractor who purchased the vacant lot Mrs. F. A. Renaker was visiting at of Green Baies, adjoining the property Teacher's Associations of the Train- taking the good wife and mother

> Mr. William liatfield has purchased promoters of the plan. the property recently occupied by cupy same soon.

#### MISTAKE CORRECTED

very sick for the past ten days, is that "Miss Liffian Hardin and Mr. service in moving pictures. Moore were united in marriage." Born to Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Waiser We should have said "Miss Lelia dren's Home, Louisville, gave the as- Lick, and II. T. Chasteen, of Big on Friday, January 14, a boy. Mother Mardin and Mr. J. M. Wheeler were sociation a brief statement of that Hill. united in marriage." We wish to enterprise and the claim it had upon B. W. Hart was called to Akron. mistake, and wish there a long and felt the right of the claim.

### PARSONS AND ABNEY BUY

RUSINESS A change has been made in the of Detroit, Mich. Leenard's work is Hardware and Grocery Company. J. uie for music instruction. in the chemical department, which E. Parsons, who was one of the partnight to take special work in music and W. H. Abney has purchased the liminary details for moving pictures. under one of the best instructors in interest of W. E. Farmer in the company. Messrs. Parsons and Abnez united chapel Monday morning. Mrs. Katherine Williard Eddy, of will carry on the business in the old time and are well-known.

#### CARLOS E. MOORE DIES

The community was shocked by the out ever getting any better.

The body was brought home Wed- minutes of piay. nesday and the burial was held at at the Richmond cemetery.

The bereaved family have the sympathy of the entire community. THE Lewis CITIZEN hopes to give a fuii obituary | VanWinkie notice next week.

#### LINCOLN INSTITUTE OPENS SCHOOL AGAIN

Lincoin Institute has called its atudents back and will open school on ANNUAL MEETING OF WOMEN'S Wednesday, the 19th. Sufficient water has come into the reservoirs the regular work will have been the guests. completed by the time of the regular commencement.

CAPTAIN JAMES WEST POST NO. 171, BEREA, KY.

They are gone to come no more. The death angel has paid us another comrades. Jesse Murpha and Nick as before. Chasteen. Comrade Murpha was a was the father of thirty-seven chil- lege Hospital. dren. He had been married four times, but had no children by his second or fourth wives.

We as members of the Captain James West Post No. 171 do mourn his ioss. But he is gone. So peace be to his ashes.

Comrade Chasteen was a membe of the Fourth Kentucky Infantry and Sweaters was eighty-live year children. He belonged to the Baptist church. He was a member of the Masonic Order. He was a good citizen.

> Why do we mourn the departing friend,

Or shake at death alarms?

It is but the voice that Jesus sends To call us to His arms. So farewell comrades, farewell.

S. Q. Lainhart, Chairman J. W. French

W. M Hayes -Committee

But Not the University Mrs. Edwin was showing Selma the new Swedish maid, "the ropea." "This," she said, "is my son's room He is in Yale."

"Ya?" Seima's face lit up with sympathetic understanding. "My brudder ban there, too."

"Is that so? What year?" "Ach, he ban go no year, da yudge yust say, you Axel, sixty days'

#### PUBLIC SCHOOL NOTES E. F. Dizney, Principal

day, January 24. .

now owned by Andrew Isaaca, on ing School and the Public School, at from us. She was one of the best, West Chestnut Street, is planning to the Public School building last Fri- most patient, self-sacrificing Chriserect a nice brick residence on same. day, fully met the expectation of the tian woman earth was ever blessed

Dr. McAilister stimulated much in- Shortly after their marriage they Lewis Anderson on West Chestnut terest for moving pictures in educa- both joined the Baptist church and street, and is remodeling and will oc- tion. By motion a committee was were workers until their age was meet at the Public School, 3:00 p. m. ularly. Monday, January 17, to discuss plans Six children still aurvive them: In our issue of January 6 we stated for a joint arrangement for regular Mrs. F. P. Ambrose, J. G. Chasteen,

and Mrs. Spink proved to be delight- and daughter-in-law. fui hostesses.

time. Charles finds opportunity at third interest owned by D. N. Weich, Monday, and worked out the pre- Civil War as a Union soldier.

On Monday evening, January 3, the any more here on this earth. sudden illness and death of one of Berea Town Team defeated Union He has fought the fight, he has its most prosperous and highly re- College, Barbourville, 36-33. The kept the faith, he has gone to wear spected young farmers the past week, game was fast and very interesting, the crown prepared for him. when it was announced that Carios neither team at any time being more. As the Lord of heaven has been E. Moore was taken seriously iii and than four points in the lead. At the their guide, as the Golden Rule has passed away Tuesday night. The end of the first haif the score stood been their rule, may the same guide doctors here, failing to give relief, he 20-19 in favor of Union. The score be our guide and the same rule be was taken to the hospital at Lexing- was tied many times during the cur motto in life. ton, Monday, but died Tuesday with- game. Berea gained and held the

the home on Paint Lick pike today ing of Faulkner for Barbourville and ness, at 1:00 p. m. The burial took place VanWinkle for Berea. The following

#### is the line-un: Barbourville F. Fauikner

Stephenson Clark

F. Franklin C. Trosper G. Franklin

P. Bickneil G. Pierce Referee, Jarvis, of Barbourville.

### AUXILIARY

Wednesday evening, January 12, the by the recent rains and snows to Women's Auxiliary of the American make the situation entirely safe. The Legion held its annual meeting with students have been writing eagerly, Mrs. T. J. Osborne on Prospect. asking when the institute would re- street. After a short businesa seanew work, and expected that nearly sion, the hostess served hot chocolate everyone who went away will come and crispy wafers, followed by dainty back. The interruption has been for candies. The cordinity of the hosthree weeks. Plans are under way tess and the cheer of the big open to make up the lost ground so that fire gave a delightful evening to all

#### NOTICE

The Doctors of the Robinson Hoa-'pital and Clinic wish to make the foilowing announcement: They retain their offices in the Rob-

inson Hospital Building, receiving visit and has taken two more of our and treating their patients there, just

All surgical and medical cases, member of Co. E. 47, Ky. Inft., and however, which require nursing and was past 80 years old. He was a hospital care will be cared for by the member of the Christian church. He Robinson Doctors at the Berea Col-

-B. F. Robinson, M.D.

Save a part of your income for the rainy day. The road that leads to economy la, buy the best goods for the least money. Cheap merchandise is high at any price.

Try a can of Snowdrift for 80c. Fry a chicken or steak in it and see. If you are not satisfied, bring the can to us and get your money.

Large, Fresh Prunes....25c. tb. Extra Sifted Sweet Peas, 33c. can

We are giad when you are pleased.

## **HARRIS**

Main Street, Berea, Ky.

N. B. CHASTEEN

At 8:30 a. m., December 22, 1920, Definite arrangements are now departed the life of Nicholas Bailard made with the Woman's Club to fur. Chasteen. He was born October 15, nish regular graded music lessons in 1835, and died at the age of 85 years, the public school. The Club is for- 2 months and 7 days. In 1865 he tunate in the selection of Miss Anna was married to Margaret Synder. May Boatright to give and supervise. They lived a long and happy life tothe instruction. Lessons begin Mon- gether, having celebrated their golden wedding five years ago. Two The joint session of the Parent- years ago death visited his home, with.

appointed from both associations to such that they could not attend reg-

Panola, Mrs. Egbert Ogg, and M. A. Miss Cozort, of the Kentucky Chii- Chasteen, Mrs. T. J. Todd, of Paint

Since the death of mother, father beg the pardon of the couple for our the school children for support. All has made his home with his children. He was much devoted to his family, Mrs. Gardner, Mrs. Jesse Kinnard, and was proud of every son-in-law

He was a man of unusual clean and At one o'clock p. m., Monday, John moral habits, hated sin in all its F. Smith, Miss Boatright and the forms, despised hyprocrites and forownership of the shares in the Berea principal met and arranged the sched-malities or pretences, was steadfast or unmovable in what he believed to A committee for the Training and be right. He was also very patriotic, keeps him at Canton, O., most of the ners in the firm, has bought the ones Public Schools met at 3:00 p. m., having served about two years in the

We, his family, feel proud of him Dr. Burr was a welcome visitor at as our father, proud of his temperate habits, his honesty toward man in We are glad to see so many of all business relations, proud of his the Foreign Department of the Y. W. firm name. Both of these men have our children return after the epidemic faith in the King of Kings, and of his great sympathy for all suffering humanity. We shail miss him as we TOWN TEAM DEFEATS UNION have missed our dear old mother. COLLEGE AT BARBOURVILLE Their smiles of love canot greet us

We thank those that were so kind three points lead during the last five to us, so helpful, so sympathetic in hour of trouble. We feel that our The game was featured by the piay- love shail never cease for such kind-

We wish also to express our appreciation for the words of cheer spoken ly Brother Cunningham, for the beautiful music and for the last and kindly respect shown by Brother Masons.

The Dear Girla

"I'm going downtown." "Shopping?"

"Yes, they advertise a big shoe

#### "I see. You want some big shoes." Classified Advertisements

## FOR SALE-Nice shock fodder.

HAY, HAY, HAY. Come with money and get it. \$1.00 a hundred. timothy or clover baied. Phone 30-II. James Todd, Paint Lick.

REGISTERED GUERNSY HULL Ultra Gienwood Boy, No. 54900, whose half brother sold for \$25,000, will be found at my barn on West Chestnut street. Ask for pedigree. Fee \$3.00. -M. L. Spink, Berea, Ky.

FOR SALE-Queen Anne Style Walnut Dining Room Suite, Wiiton Velvet Rug, Crex Rug, Bedroom Suite (light oak) Hoosier Kitchen Cabinet, Red Star Oil Stove, Majestic Range. 1918 Model Mitchell Touring Car; good running order. Mrs. Hugh F

### FARM FOR SALE

About 57 acres at Cartersville, Ky. on pike 6 miles from Berea, 7 miles from Paint Lick, in the edge of the blue grass of Garrard county, with 5-room dweiling, painted; telephone in house, good well in yard, excellent garden, well, wash and canning house combined, smoke house, hen house, good barn and shed that will hold about 2 acres tobacco, and other outbuildings; 4 minute's walk to a good good neighbors. About 15 acres in enough wood for home use; the remainder can be cultivated by purcures this farm for only \$4,cow, cutting harrow, 1 A harrow, ning machine, washing machine, and about 1,500 tobacco sticks.

wants a smail farm. See D. M. Carter, Cartersville, Ky. of advertising, appraiser's fees, Sher-

A Double Advantage

addition to the advantages that customers of this institution derive from its strength and facilities there is the additional advantage of its membership in the FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM, which includes every National bank in the country and a great many state institutions.

Our membership in this System places us in the position to give customers the fullest measure of service and co-operation in providing any accommodation as well as in furnishing advice and information on business and financial matters. We cordially invite you to make your banking home at this institution

Berea National Bank

### ELECTRIC SUPPLIES

Mazda Lamps, All Kinds,—White, Blue, and Clear, For both 32 and 110 volts.

> LIGHTING FIXTURES Anything in the Electric Line

HOUSE WIRING A SPECIALTY

H. C. McCREARY

Phone 162 28 Main Street

Berea, Ky.

## The Louisville Courier-Journal

The Great Paper of the Southland

The Courier-Journal is ably edited; it is sane and dignified in its handling of news; it is feariess, yet fair, in its editorial utterances; and it aiways will be found the champion of clean government.

The Courier-Journal surpasses all its competitors in equipment for getting the news of the day, because it has not only the Associated Press dispatches but the full wire service of the New York Times. In addition it maintains staff correspondents at Frankfort and at Washington.

No Kentucky Home Is Complete Without It

By special arrangement we are now able to offer

### The Daily Courier-Journal AND

THE CITIZEN

Both one year, by mail, for only \$5.50

This offer applies to renewals as well as new subscriptions, but only to people living in Kentucky, Tennessee or Indiana. New subscriptions may, if desired, start at a later date, and renewals will date from expiration of present ones.

If you prefer an evening newspaper, you may substitute The Louisville Times for The Courier-Journal.

Send or bring your orders to the office of

The Citizen

Berea, Kentucky

SHERIFF'S SALE Madison Circuit Court Minerva Chrisman, Heirs

Minerva Chrisman, Heira By virtue of Execution No. 364 directed to me, which issued from the Cierk's office of the Madison Circuit school, stores and postoffice handy; Court, in favor of Comonwealth, of three churches in walking distance, Kentucky, and against E. T. Huiett and C. C. Chrisman, I, or one of my grass, 6 acres sown to rye, woodland, deputies, will on Monday, County Court day, the 7th day of February, 1921, at the hour of two o'clock p. m., chased if desired. As I have other at the Courthouse door in Richmond, business in view, quick action ae- Madison county, Ky., expose to Public Sale to the highest bidder and 250, part cash terms arranged, best bidder, the following described If taken at once will include 1 milk property, or so much thereof as may be necessary to satisfy Plaintiff's mowing machine, plows, small can- debt, interest and costs, to wit: Fourteen hundred, four, and seventy-hundredths dollars (\$1,404.70) with in-This is a bargain for the man who terest from the 21st day of February, 1920, being sale bond No. 1, and cost

iff's commission, etc.

Tract No. 1 being one lot or parcel of land near Berea, Ky., in Glade Magisterial District of Madison county, Ky., and bounded as follows: On the north by Wallaceton Turn l'ike, on the east by Hati dirt road, on the south by the land of Jesse Kinnard and on the west by Mrs.

Susan (James) Waiiace. Tract No. 2, containing 44 acres of land more or less, on Paint Lick Creek, being lot No. 384 of the Blackburn division, and known as the C. C. Chrisman home place, see deed book No. 35, page 462, Madison county Clerk's Office, Levied upon as the property of E. T. Hulett.

Terms-Saie wiii be made on a credit of three months, bond with approved security required, bearing interest at the rate of six per cent per annum from day of sale, and having

the force and effect of a judgment, P. S. WHITLOCK, Sheriff of Madison County

#### THE CITIZEN

A non-partisan family newspaper published every Thursday by BEREA PUBLISHING CO. (Incorporated)

MARSHALL E. VAUGHN, Editor J. O. LEHMAN, Associate Editor and Business Manager

Entered at the postoffice at Herea, Ky., as second class mail matter. SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One year, \$1,50, siz months, in cents; three months, 50 cents. Payable in advance.

Foreign Advertising Representative. The American Press Association

#### Revival Meetings

The revival meeting is an epoch-making period in the lives of most Christians. A great revival was probably the higgest thing that happened during the career of the apostles, after the death of Jesus. Every period of Christianity from l'entecost to the present day has been marked by one or more great revivals. The Wesleys, Spurgeon, Whitefield, Asbury, Moody, Torrey, Chapman, Sam Jones, Gypsy Smith, Billy Sunday, and others possibly as great, with many, many lesser lights, in the world of evangelism have placed their stamp upon the civilization of England and America through revival meetings. We need revivals. It is the time for taking stock of our religious capital. Many an oldfashloned "fixed" Christian needs a revival to quicken his spiritual perception, to bring before him his new responsibilities, to fortify him with modern ammunition to meet the changing battle-front of sin. Herea College is being blessed by a real revival in the hearta of faculty and students through the preaching of "Dad" Elliott, who has been famous for fifteen years as a great national Y. M. C. A. evangelist.

### The Ouestion of Inter-Racial Relations

The ideal of the fatherhood of God and the brotherhood of man is a goal toward which this sinful world should strive. Many generations have come and gone since the hattle cry of freedom echoed from the plains of Lexington and Concord in 1775. That cry has been carried by the waves to foreign shores and awakened In the troubled breast of millions the desire for "self-determination."

During the time we were fighting the battle of freedom against our mother country we held within our own borders one-half million of enslaved human beings. The blame cannot be centered wholly in any one place or group, for the American colonies as a whole were victimized thru a vicious slave-trading system in England. However, many of these same English traders became colonists and continued the husiness of dealing in slaves until laws were enacted which made their importation illegal. These traders became the founders of well-established lines of industry in the two sections of our conotry distinctly adapted to their progress-cotton growing in the South and commerce in the East.

Although slaves were owned in every state in the Union as late as the year of 1800, their unprofitableness in bleak New England, together with the strong opposition of the Puritaos and Quakers gradually shifted the great majority of them to the cotton and rice plantations of the South. There many hundreds of names among the southern slave owners that were the same as those found among the leading merchants and manufacturers of Massachusettes, Connecticut, New Work, New Jersey and Penn sylvania. They had a common ancestry and a common purpose breaght them to America, that of Improving their fortunes and making a new nation.

With the climatic conditions favorable and work adapted to an unskilled semi-civilized people, the South waxed strong in the cotton industry and in the maintenance of a system of aristocracy. Because of the vast amount of money invested in slaves and their Importance in cotton growing, the average southern citizen supported the institution and put forth argument to vindicate it. In like manner in our modern industrial states, where the early propensities were l'uritan and Quaker, many good people maintaine: to the last that the liquor business was legitimate and honorable because it, represented large iovestments and was a means of the rapid circulation of money. Both classes were in error, but the greater error was on the side of those who desired to continue the institution of slavery.

The Editor is giving these details because he wants to be understood and desires to give the proper prespective to this whole question of inter-racial relations. THE CITIZEN has always stood for the rights of the colored man and it will continue to do so. We sympathize with him. We believe that he needs help, and we believe there are better days ahead for the negro population of the South. The right thinking men of the South and the same conservative men of the North are in agreement upon the race question in the end. The main question of difference is that of method and means of attaining the end of this all-important

question. Many writers on the negro question can shut their eyes and declare "the South is a mass of ignorance. It is filled with cruel fire-eaters and negro-haters who are seeking an opportunity to burn at the stake a negro who does not agree with them." This kind of an attack never accomplishes anything, except to arouse antagonism. Instances that will bear out the truthfulness of these characterizations may be found, but instances do not make a general rule. The Civil War was gloriously won for oppressed humanity. There is not a single person, in his right mind, throughout the length and hreath of this land, who would have had the results of the Civil War otherwise., In other words, we are united and free from shore to shore, and only politics and

religion keep us all from believing alike. There was no race problems before the Civil War because there were no negro rights before the war. The race problem began with the period of reconstruction and the difficulties of its solution were augmented because the only program that was offered the defeated South was a political one. The great friend of the Negro, as far as his future happiness was concerned, passed away with the murder of Abraham Lincoln. Had Lincoln lived, an entirely different method of handling the newly-made negro problem would have ben instituted and so much of misunderstanding on the part of both the North and the South would have been avoided. In the next issue we will deal with the present day

aspect of the race question. -

Berea, Kentucky, January 13, 1921

the following resolutions were passed: Club of Berea, Ky., hereby deplores received by the Editor of THE CITIZEN and condemns the brutal crime that and the money will be forwarded to cost the life of our neighbor, Lura the people at the Pine Mountain Set-Parsons, while she was engaged in tiement School, who are prosecuting the noble calling of teaching among this case, and who have already spent the mountain people of our State.

We demand that no expense be purpose. spared in bringing her murderer to justice, and we call upon all good women who may read these resolutions to aid us to their utmost by

CONCERNING LURA PARSONS word and deed in bringing about the punishment of the alayer of this good

We hereby addicit the financial sup-At a meeting of the Progress Club port of all persons who are interested in the suppression of such crimes Be it resolved, that the Progress Contributions in any amount will be ail their available money for that

> Mrs. A. F. Scruggs Mra. R. R. Coyle Mrs. Pruitte Smith

AND THE DISPENSERS OF THE LAW

Argument-A gambler taketh your money while you look at him, and giveth nothing in return. A thief taketh your money while you do not look at him and giveth nothing in

A grand jury is twelve men who decide whether you shall be brought to trial for crime, or whether you shall go free without trial.

Now after that I had taken advantage of the distreas of the people, and had prospered and thriven during the World War, I was aweary, and I took a vacation. And I went and ahode among sharpers and crooka anil gamblers, and among those who toll not, and yet outshine the lilles of the field. And they taught me divers games of chance, even poker. And I learned all their tricks until there was not among them all a man of such exceeding crookedness as I, so that they feared me.

And I returned home into mine own country and into mine own city, and I called four of my friends about me. And I said, "Yea, I have prepared me a place in the rear office of a certain Lusiness house. Come ye, to me there in secret, after that it is dark, and I will shew you many new tricks which I have learned in a far country."

And they came and we played poker and I shewed them a few new tricks. And it was expensive to them. And they murmured. And seeing their discontent, and being a just man, I said, "Be not cast down and heavy of Bring ye, each two or three friends

and that they would possibly look in to develop their minds and bodies. at prayer meeting, and that they were going walking for their health, and that the doctor had prescribed moonlight and fresh alf for their constitu- indoors in idleness. tions, and that a neighbor was in distress, and that they had forgotten to It worked!

And we taught the simpletons precious stones and liberty bonds. In the Berea schools to raise their ly so that within the year a home And they were for a spoll unto us and unto our children. And the simpletons came again, and again, saying, "Yea, we have gotten us other moneys, and we wish to win back that which we have lost." And we answered them saying, "Yea, go to It!" And we rohbed them afresh, and took their automobiles and their children's bread. And we were merry.

Now in the fullness of time it came to pass that divers old sisters and certain holy men began to smell a mouse. And one with a larger nose than the rest sald, "Nay; it is not a mouse, it is a greater animal." another said, "It is a behemoth." And yet another averred that It was a leviathan. And they took counsel together saying, "Yea, we will give the names of these malefactors to the grand jury, and they will lmprison these gamblers and compel these crooks to deliver up their spoil again into the hands of those who were rohbed."

And the old sisters and the holy men dld all that they had said. But the grand jury hearkened not unto them, hut rather into me and my four friends who had won the money. And the grand jury harmed us not, and not one summons was served upon us!

This parable is full of wisdom. It sheweth that it payeth well to stand in with those who administer the law, and it revealeth that grand jurors sometimes live in glass houses.

-Alson Baker

#### BASTERN KENTUCKY NEWS (Continued from page two)

bacco.-Miss Fannle Abney has been suffering very much from rheumatism, but is some better now.

> ESTILL COUNTY Locust Branch

Locust Branch, Jan. 18 .- Most of the people have taken off their tohacco, but very poor prices have been received.-The school is progressing nicely with Martha Ann Tacket as teacher.-Miss Martha French and Alfred Winkler were married the 12th at Richmond and returned to her home Saturday.—A nice sernade was given them. They will make their home near Noland, Ky .- John Campbell made a business trip to Richmond Saturday.-Fred Oliner and brother were the guesta of Earl Campbell Sunday.-A serious accident happened to Oldham Becknell Saturday, in which his leg was nearly broken. Dr. Snoden was called at once.-Ovey Wilson was the guest of Oscar Camp--Committee bell Saturday night and Sunday.

I'ARABLE OF THE GAMBLERS KENTUCKY CHILDREN'S HOME SOCIETY TO BUILD NEW

> The work of the Kentucky Children's Home Society is to care for destitute children from all parts of the State, who are sent to it by the various county judges. The time has come when the present home in Louisville is not large enough to accommodate the many suffering children in Kentucky who are dally asking to be admitted, and in order to help them the Society is engaged in a State-wide campaign to raise funds with which to bulld an institution adequate to the needs of the State. The present buildings, in a crowd-

ed district on Baxter Avenue in Louisville, can comfortably house 150 children. There have been as many as 240 in the Home. Today there are some 165 children in the receiving home, since it is well-nigh impossible to keep the number down, when the urgent appeals from suffering, starving children in Kentucky come daily. There are also about 1,500 children in good homes in varlous parts of the State under the Society's supervision, That means they are visited at least once a year by agents to make sure they are being treated as a member of the family, are being sent to school and glven some religious instruction. If conditions are not as they should be In the homes, the children are immediately removed.

The new home is to be located on an eighty-six-acre farm, ten miles hearts, for what ye have learned to- east of Louisville. It is to be built night is but the beginning of wisdom. on the cottage plan, and will give refuge to at least 300 waifs. There on another night, and we four will will be plenty of room for additional take all their substance and divide buildings as the need arises. The It among us for a spoil." And they and will be cultivated by the older sald, "Yea, let it be as thou sayest." boys and fruits and vegetables for And they came again, and their the table will be raised. The older friends with them, and they told their girls will be instructed in domestic wives that they were going to the arts, and all of the children will be lodge, and to sit up with a sick friend, given useful, wholesome employment There will be ample playgroundswhereas now the youngsters are forced to spend much of their time share of the county's quota, and it may be built where the little ones

are asked to raise money for building only a haven where destitute orphan though to date only one-third of the lock up their places of business. And this home for their less fortunate children are received and made happy, State's \$300,000 quota has been poker, and I and my four friends di- about one-fifth of which has been should heed the call of the State's vided up their gold and silver and raised. This week a campaign is on suffering children, and give generous-

HOME

## **Getting Together**

One of the biggest problems facing farmers and bankers today is that of providing ample farm credits on reasonable terms. They can solve it only by working together, says

## The COUNTRY GENTLEMAN

Our credit system is based on a 60-day paper intended to serve commercial interests with a quick turn-over. It doesn't serve the farmer, whose turn-over comes once a year. How can he be supplied with the capital he needs to run his farm business?

Because the problem of furnishing the farmer with ample credit facilities is one of such vital interest to the whole farm industry and to our national welfare, THE COUNTRY GEN-TLEMAN has many trained investigators working on the plans offered for solving the difficulties. Their articles will keep you informed on developments toward easier farm credits. For an example, next week's issue carries a story by E. V. Wilcox on financing the marketing of a major farm crop. Other competent articles are

coming soon.
To make sure of getting them all, you'd befter send me \$1.00 today for the next 52 big issues

The real fact stuff about farming

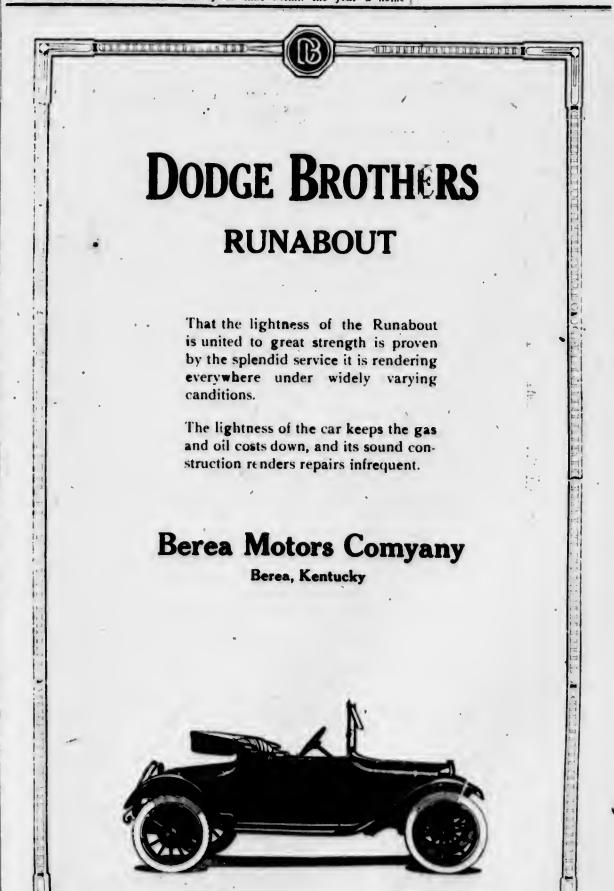
David J. Lewis

C. I. Ogg Studio Berea, Kentucky

The Country Gentleman The Ladice' Home Journal The Saturday Evening Poot 52 issue-51.00 12 issue-52.00 52 issue-52.50

is to be hoped they will go glorious- may find shelter and protection. The The school children of the State ly "over the top." The Society is not construction will begin in March, albrothers and sisters of Kentucky. but it is one of the gratest citizen raised. Madison county's quota is \$5,000, factories in the State. Kentucklans

Kentucky Children's Home Society, 1086 Baxter Avenue, Louisville, Ken-



DIPROVED UNWORM INTERNATIONAL

SUNDAYSCHOOL

LESSON

**LESSON FOR JANUARY 23** 

PROMOTION IN THE KINGDOM.

LERRON TEXT—Matt. 20.17-28.
GGLDEN TEXT—The Bon of Man came not to be ministered unle, but to minister, and to give Hin life a ransom for many.—Mait. 30-28.
REFERENCE MATERIAL—Matt. 19:37-

90:16; Mark 10:32-45; Luka 22 24-38. PRIMARY TOPIC-Wanting Mora Than

our Share. JUNIOR TOPIC—How to Win First

INTERMEDIATE AND BENTOR TOPIC

-Right and Wrong Ambitions, YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC

I. Jeeus Feretells Hie Death and

1. The King on lits way to Jerusa-

lem (vv. 17-111). This is Ilia last lour-

ney to the beloved city. He took tha

twelve disciples aside from the group

of traveling pligrims to make known

unto them what was before them. On

the journey He went sheed of the dis-

ciples. The courage thus shown by

the Lord amazed the disciples who

were following in fear (Mark, 10:32).

"Christ, the conscious and certain saf-

ferer, is courageous. Illa followers

2. Betraval and death foretold

(vv. 18, 19). He went forward fully

conscious of the awful tragedy of the

cross. He for the third time since the

transfiguration tells the disciples of

His suffering and death, but they are

so filled with their anthitious schemes

that they do not understand Him. The

treachery of Judas Iscariot: tha

fierce persecutions of the chief priests

and scribes; the unjust judgmant; the

delivery to l'ontius l'ilata; the mock-

ing; the scourging; the crown of

thorns; the cross; the hanging be-

tween two mulefactors; the nails;

the spear; all were aprend before His

inind like a picture. Though He knew

all this lie deliberately pressed on.

The joyous outlook upon the victory

which would be accomplished by tha

shedding of Itis blood led Him for-

ward. He went courageously, for He

knew the time had come for the ac-

complishment of lile Father's will.

who had nothing to fear were afraid."

Greatness Through Service

Recurrection.

### MOUNTAIN AGRICULTURE

Conducted by Mr. Robert F. Spence, Farm Demonstrator and Special Investigator

COOPERATIVE WOOL SALES

NET FARMERS \$13,020 GAIN Cooperative marketing of wool through the advice of the local county agent of the United States Department of Agriculture gave growers of Williamson County, Texas, 60 cents a pound at a time when local buyers | 11:00 a m. Chapel: had offered only 35 centa.

The Williamson County Sheep and Goat Breeders' Association was used as a medium for handling the wool. Sealed bids were first received, but, possibly due to opposition to the cooperative movement, no particular ndvance in price was offered. The farmers' committee thanked the bidders and declined all offers, and preparations were made for a shipment to Boston. The local price immediately went up 15 cents, but the growers remained firm and sent the wool away. The Boston price was 25 cents in advance of the original local price. The total gain to the farmers was catimated at \$13,020.

USES TIRE PUMP AND QUILL

AND SAVES COW FOR FARMER With a first-aid veterinary kit conaisting of a chicken quill and an automobile pump, one of the county agenta of the United Statea Department of Agriculture saved a \$200 cow belonging to a farmer in Pender County, N. C.

This farmer had expressed an unfavorable opinion of farmers' cooperative demonstration work, declaring that he would rather use his money for other purposes than in helping to pay the county's portion of the expense. While he was in town he received a word that his valuable cow was attacked with milk fever. The county agent went home with him and found the neighbors using primitive methods in treating the animal for "hollow tail" and colic.

Using the chlcken quill and the automobile pump, the county agent pumped the cow's udder full of air. In less than two hours ahe was on her feet. Some simple remedies completed the cure.

The farmer attempted to give the county agent a check for \$10, which, of course, was declined. The farmer, however became a warm supporter of the farm-extension work.

#### FARM AND HOME CONVENTION AT UNIVERSITY OF KENTUCKY

Ninth Annual Meeting Will Be Held in Lexington, February 1-4, 1921 Every rural school district in Kentucky should be represented at the Farm and Home Convention this year by at least one woman and one man. As county agent, I am anxious that Madison and Rockcastle counties be

This Convention will be the blggeat and best Kentucky has ever

well represented.

Read the following programs which will be continued next week. PROGRAM

Tuesday, February 1, 1921 9:00 a.m. Agriculture Building.

Farm Poultry Houses-J. H. Bards-

Production of High Grade Tobacco -E. J. Kinney. Grape Growing for the Home,

Town and Country-C. W. Mathews.

Pavilion: Some Principles of Livestock Feed-

ing-E. S. Good. 10:00 a.m. Agricultural Building: Some Marketing Problems-O. B

Some Important Items in Farm Management for 1920-W. D.

Nicholls. Pavilion. Liming the Soil-P. E. Karraker.

Mixing and Handling Concrete on the Farm-W. G. Kaiser, Portiand Cement Company. 11:00 a.m. Chapel:

Greetings from President F. L. Mc-Vey.

1:00 pm. Pavilion: Meeting of the Kentucky Sheep

Breedera' Association. The pure Fabric Law and the Marketing of Wool-Prof. W. C. Cof-

fey. University of Illinola. Judging Sheep and a Demonstration in Klillng and Dressing-L. J. Horlacher, E. J. Wilford.

Better Sheep for Kentucky-R. C. Milier.

Tractor School

9:00 a.m. Pavilion: General Construction of a Gas Engine.

10:00 a.m. Laboratory: Tractor Operation. 11:00 a.m. Chapei: Greetings from President F. L. Mc-

Vey. 1:30 p.m. Pavilion: The Four Cylinder Motor, Construction of Vaives, Cam Shaft and

Timing Gears. 2:30 p.m. Laboratory: Setting the Valves on a Tractor. Special Session for Women, Tuesday, February 1, 1921.

9:30 a.m. Little Theatre:

Demonstration in Easy Method of Making Patterns-Miss Helen A. Harriman, formerly associated with Mrs. Reed in clothing work, now Extension Field Agent in Clothing ln Kentucky.

Greetings from President F. L. Mc-Vey.

2:00 p.ni. Little Theatre:

Musical Prelude-Prof. Lampert. 2:30 pm. How to Grow Simple Flowers-Prof. Oiney, Horticultural Department.

3:00 p.m. Attractive Flower Containers and Their Use-Miss Maybelie Cornell.

3:30 p.m. A. B, C, of Nutrition-Dr. Mary Schwartz Rose, Columbia University. Wednesday, February 2, 1921

9:00 a.m. Agricultural Building: (205) A Breeding Program for Farm Poultry-J. II. Martin. (101) Meeting of the Kentucky State Horticultural Society.

Pavilion: The Value of Improved Livestock on the Farm-W. S. Anderson. Selection of Seed Corn for Resistance to Diseases-W. D. Valieau.

0:00 a.m. Agricultural Building: (205) Cooperative Marketing-O. R. Jesness.

(301) Forms of Phosphate and Their Use-S. C. Jones. Pavilion:

The Problem of Farm Prices-C. B. Williams. How to Use Concrete to Improve Sanltary Conditions on the Farm

-W. G. Kaiaer. 1:00 a.m. Chapel: Land Values-Dr. L. C. Gray, Office Farm Management, Washing-

ton, D. C. 1:30 p.m. Pavilion: Meeting of the Kentucky Beef Cattle Breeders' Association.

Beef Cattle Carcass Judging Demonstration-John Goaling, Kansaa City, Mo.; E. J. Wilford.

Address-W. C. Hanna, Commisaioner of Agriculture. 9:00 a.m. Pavilion: Tractor Lubrication.

10:00 a.m. Laboratory: Study of Tractor Lubricating Systems.

11:00 a.m. Chapel: 1:30 p.m. Pavillon: Fuels and Carburetion. 2:30 p.m. Laboratory:

Study of Carburetors, Construction and Adjustment.

Kentucky State Horticultural Society Wednesday, February 2, 1921 9:00 a.m. Agricultural Building:

(101) Called to order by President W. H. Stites, Henderson, Ky. Report of the Secretary-Ben E. Nilea, Henderson, Ky.

9:15 a.m. Appointment of Com mittees. 9:20 a.m. Observation of the Fa-

mous Fruit Districts of the Paelfic Northwest-Frank T. Street, Cadiz, Ky.

9:50 a.m. Report of Committee on Constitution and By-laws. Election of Officers

10:30 a.m. Drawing Dividenda from a Leased Orchard-V. C. Razor, Salt Lick, Ky.

11:00 a.m. Chapel: 12:30 a.m. University Cafeteria Lunch.

1:30 p.m. Agricultural Building: (101) Address-Dean T. P. Cooper, Coliege of Agriculture, Lex-

ington. 1:45 p.m. The Policies of the Reorganized Horticultural Society-President W. H. Stites, Hender-

2:20 p.m. Fundamentals in Fruit Growing-Prof. J. H. Gourley, Morgantown, W. Va.

3:20 p.m. How the Extension Division is Aiding in the Transformation of Neglected Orchards-H. R. Niswonger, Lexington, Ky.

3:40 p.m. Ups and Downa of a Fruit Grower in the Hills-H. VanAntwerp, Farmers, Ky.

Discussions-Adjournment. 6:00 p.m Banquet-Piace to be announced.

Special Session for Women, Wedneaday, February 2, 1921

9:30 a.m. Little Theatre: Demonstration with Class of Homemakera, Adjusting the Individual

Pattern-Miss licien A. Harri- 41/2 the 26c, roosters 18c. man. 11:00 a.m. Chapel:

2:00 p.m. Little Theatre:

Piaylet by the Ciass in Dramatic Production under the direction of Prof. Mikesell, Director of Little Theatre.

2:30 p.m. Are Prevolent Diseases Preventable ?- Dr. Holmes, Department of Hygiene. 3.30 p.m. Musical Interlude.

3:40 p.m. Standards of Health for Children-Dr. Caroline Hedger, of Elizabeth McCormack Memoriai, Chicago.

(Continued Next Week)

#### BETTER TO BUILD UP ROADS

Continuous Core Has Baen Lorgely Responsible for improved Highways in Maryland,

It is better to build a chean road and keep it in good condition by adequate maintenance than to hulld the most expensive highway and permit it to deteriorate for want of care, say officials of the bureau of public roads of the United States Department of Agriculture,

Maryland, which has one of the finest systems of improved highways in the United States, if not the best,



Patching a Macadamized Road in Maryland.

has consistently followed this practice. The originally improved roads in Maryland were comparatively inexpensive, costing only what the taxpayers were willing to pay for. The first few years the average cost was leas than \$10,000 a mile. In some cases the work entailed considerable grading and drainage, but in others It amounted simply to resurfecing the old turnpikes, which had siready been graded and drained.

Generally the roads hullt at thet time were macadam, 12 feet wile and six inches thick. Soon the width was increased to 14 feet. Later many were widened still farther, some very successfully, by adding concrete shoulders on each side of the existing macadam. This method of improving roads makes it possible for traffic to continue unimpeded on the road while the work is going on.

The macadam roads in Maryland have given very good satisfaction, but continuous care has been largely responsible for their success. The roads are constantly patrolled and no hote of any size is ellowed to go unrepaired. Material for petching is kept at convenient points along the road for the use of the patroiman. From a relatively small investment in an admittedly low-type road it builds up a better one from year to year, always conserving the bulk of the previous investment.

#### BENEFIT TO SUBURBAN LAND

One Advantage of Raad Imprevement Would Be to Open Up Tarritory for Hemastanda

Another change in the use of land which may result from road improvement, especially near towns and cities. le to make it available for suburban development. This might beiter be termed increasing the home value of the land, and it will he found to opply where the lend is retained for its original uses as well as where, following road improvement, it is utilized so as to yield a higher return on agri-cultural products. The home value of land is one to be given consideration.

Roadsida Trea Planting.

Roadside tree planting had best not be in formal rows, but in groups or ae a specimen tree at irregular intervals. Street trees should he in straight rows of the same species for ten or twelve blocks. Profit in Winter Eggs.

The profit is made on winter eggs. Aimost any hen will lay in the spring. hut prices are usually lowest then, and it requires a good many egge to pay a hen's keep in these days of the high cost of living.

#### CINCINNATI MARKETS.

Hay and Grain,

Corn-No. 3 white 75@76c, No. 8 reliow 75@76c, No. 4 mixed 70@71c. No. 3 yellow 74@75c.

Sound Hay-Timothy per ton \$20@ 27.50, clover mixed \$21@26, clover \$167 25.

Outs-No. 2 white 5114@52, No. 3 white 50@51c, No. 3 mlxed 50@51c. Wheat-No. 2 red \$2.10@2.12, No. 3 red \$2.07@2.10, No. 4 \$2.02@2.06.

Butter, Eggs and Poultry. Butter-Whole milk creamery extras 54c; centralized extras 50c, firsta 46c. Eggs-Extra firsts 64c, ilrats 62c,

ordinary firsts 60c.

Live Poutry-Brotters, 2 the and under 40c, young chickens over 2 lbs 32c; fowls 1½ lbs and over 32c under

Live Stock.

Cattle—Steers, good to choice \$80 9.50, fair to good \$0.50 &8, common to fair \$400.50, helfers, good to choice, \$7,50@8.50, fair to good \$10.7.50, comnon to fair \$466, canners \$2.50@3.25. stock helfers \$405.

Calves—Good to choice \$14@15, fair to good \$10@14, common and large \$509.

Sheep-Good to choice \$1.50@5, fair to good \$2.50@4.50, common \$1@2.50; lambs, good to choice \$11.50@12, fair to good \$10@11.50.

Hogs-Heavy \$9.50@ 10, choice packers and butchers \$10, medium \$10 @10.25, common to choice heavy fat sown \$6@7.75, light shippers \$10.25, pigs (110 lbs and less) \$9@10.25,

## PREPARING LATE WINTER DISHES

Some New and Excellent Recipes Given to Tempt Languid Spring Appetites.

### VEGETABLES ARE NECESSARY

Fermulas Tried Out in Heme Econem ica Kitchen of Department of Agriculture for Stored and Canned Garden Products.

Every housekeeper knows that hy the last of February or first of March the average family is tired of winter vegetables, and yet vegetables are just as necessary in the spring diet, if not more so, than in the diet of any other season. So the clever cook uses new recipes for the stored and cannel products of the garden and in that way tempts the isnguid spring appetites.

The following recipes are recommended by the experiment kitchen of the United States Department of Agriculture:

Tomate Teast

Ruh one quart of atewed tomatoes through a strainer. Iteturn to etewpan and, if not already seasoned, add two level tenspoonfuls of salt, half a teaspoonful of pepper and two tablespoonfuls of butter. Place on the fire and cook five minutes. Have the hottom of a hot platter covered with welltoasted alices of bread and pour the hot tomato over it. Place a dropped or poached egg on each silce of toast and serve at once.

Pures of Cabbage and Potatees.

1 pint botted finely-minced cabbage. 2 teaspoonfuls east. 6 medium-sised potaloes. 4 teaspoonful pep-1 tableapponfula of

Peel the potetoes and put them in a stewpan with boiling water enough to cover them. Cook just 30 minutes Pour off the water and mash fine and light. Beat in the hot milk, seasoning, and cabhage. Cook about five minutes longer.

Navy Bean Salad. Soak beans overnight in plenty of cold water. In the morning pour off the water and put the heans in a stew pan with cold water enough to cover



Even Potatoes Taste Like a New Yeg etable When Prepared in a New

them generously. Let them come to the bolling point in this water, then drain, if the beans are old and hard, for each quart put a piece of soda about the size of a large bean in the water in which they are soaked overnight, also in the first water in which they are bolled.

The acalded and drained beans should be put back in the atewpan and covered generously with holling water. Add one tahlespoonful of salt for onc

IMPORTANCE OF HOT LUNCHES

Pupile Eating Lunch at Thair Deske in Rural School.

school lunches, and the home-demonstration agenta sent out by the United

States Department of Agriculture and the state colleges are helping to estab-

lish hot lunches in communities which are awake to their value. Last year

these extension workers, who ere trained in home economics, helped estab

iish hot funches in 2,929 schoole. The work will be continued this year on

an even larger scale. In some countles a wall of prejudice against the inne-

vation has to be broken down before it can be started. Where this la true,

the success of the hot lunch in one school, where it has been cetablished. is

usually followed by a demand for something similar in all the adjacent schools.

Teachers and parents are commencing to realize the importance of hot

quart of beans. They should now cook alowly, with the cover partially off the stewpan until temler. Drain, and when cool serve with the following salad dressing:

Cream Salad Dressing.

l cupfut cream (sour 2 Inhlespoonfula or sweet). vinegar, % cupful tomale cat- 2 tablespoonfuls

aup. auger 1 teaspoonful salt.

Mix the oli, sait, sugar and vinegar together, then best in the catsup and finally add the cream, benting it in gradually. If lettuce is not available on which to serve the saled, a crisp leaf from a cabbage heart is a good substitute.

Spinach Loaf. A small can of spinneh, chard or beet tops will serve seven or eight penple if it is mode into a loaf combined with rice or brend crumbs. Asperagus or string beans are also good served

i can chopped spin- 2 cupfuls white ach. ach. sauca. 4 cupfula bolled rice. t red pepper.

Make a thick white sauce of two cupfuls of milk, four tablespoonfuls of flour, four tablesponfuls of butter and one teaspoonful of sait. Meit fat and mix with flour, add to milk and stir over fire until it thickens. Mix with the rice, chopped spinarh and pepper. Form into a loaf and bake 20 or 30 minutes.

#### RABBIT SALAD

To each cupful of diced cooked rabbit meat add one haif cupful celery and one-fourth cupful saind dressing, one-half teaspoonful sait, and a few grains of cayenne pepper. Mix thoroughly and pour into saind bowl lined with lettuce. I'ut one or two tablespoonfuls of dressing on top and garnish with strings of green and red bepper.

Either a mayonnalse or a boiled dressing can be used for this salad.

## **NOT DIFFICULT TASK**

Use of Sodium Fluorid Is Simple and Effective Plan.

Obnexious insects Cen Be Completely Exterminated With Little Trouble and Expense by Dueting With This Substance,

One of the most effective and simple means of ridding premises of roaches in dusting with commercial sodium fluorid, either pure or diluted oue-half with some inert substance such as powdered gypsum or flour. This remedy is one recommended by the United States Department of Agricul-

Numerous practical tests conducted ln innchrooms, bakeries, milk-bottle exchanges, etc., have shown that with the use of this substance roaches can be completely exterminated with very little trouble and cost and with none of the possible dangers attending the use of hydrocyanic-acid gae, another efficient means of control. With the sedium fluorid can be thoroughly dusted over the shelves, tables, floors and the runways and hiding places of tha

The immediate effect of the powder is to cause these insects to come out of their retreats and rush about more or less blindly, showing evidence of discomfort, to be followed in the course of a few hours by their death. The dead or paralyzed roaches can he awent up and burned, and complete extermination is effected within 24 hours. It is not definitely known whether the sodium acts through the breathing pores or as a stomach polson. Probably, however, it acts in both ways, inasmuch as it has been found to kill caterpillars fed on foliage dusted with it.

## TO DESTROY ROACHES

3. The resurrection foretold (v. 19). Truly this would have been a dark picture had the resurrection not been made known.

II. The Ambitious Request of James and John (vv. 20-23). 1. The request (vv. 20, 21). This request was made by their mother. Tha request is for a place of prominence in the kingdom. It is right for mothers to be amhitimus for their boys, but they should know that earth's pinnacies are exceedingly dangerous. 2. Jesus' answet.

(vv. 22, 23). He spoks directly to the men, not to their mother, declaring that they knew not what they were asking. He showed them that the way to this position of glory was through suffering. The cup of which they were to drink was that of great suffering and agony. The positions which they criticed were attainable, but in a very different way from what they apprehended. The way to the places of glory in the kingdom of Christ through the path of lowly and selfforgetful service, even great suffer-

3. Haw to Be Truly Exalted (vv.

24-28). 1. The angry disciples (v. 2t). When the ten heard of the request of James and John they were filled with indignation against them. Their displeasure did not arise from the fact that they were free from the same selfish spirit, but that these two had thrust themselves to the front; it wes an admixture of indignation and jealousy.

2. Greatness among the heathen (v. 25). The rule of the world has always been hy the strong hand. The standards have been not moral excelience, but wealth, station and power, Even today the reason one nation rules the other is that the one possesses sharper swords and heavier clubs than the other,

3. Greatness among Christ's disciples (vv. 26, 27). Here the standard is in sharp contrast. The way to the places of prominence in Christ's kingdom is the way of self-abasement, it is not wrong to be ambitious to be great, but the basis of true greatness is that which human selfishness seeks to avoid. There will be degrees of rank in Christ's kingdom, but this rank will be cheracter, not posttion or authority.

4. Christ is the supreme example of greatness (v. 28). All who would be great should study and luitais Christ. Let them forget self and serve others, even to give their lives. This will eliminate all acrambling for place and power. The one grand test hy which to know whether Christ's Spirit controls one ls whether he is aerving or seeking to be aerved.

Christianity la Still Aliva. The greatest tribute to the neceselty of religion is, that it survives its outworn forms; the greatest proof of the essential truth of Christianity is. that in spite of the twaddle telked every Sunday in the name of Christ, Christianity in etili alive.—fi. R.

The Instructor, My hurt has been my instructor, and I wish it may make me more cautions and less simple.—Thomas a



coremone of a comment of the "nontation of theath"-just unveiled in House. 2-Scene one of the "thep houses" in Chicago, crowded again because of unemployment, 3-Dr. Michael Hamisch, president of Austria, who may turn the management of that country over to the League of Nations.

## **NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS**

Organized Fight of Capital on the Closed Shop Becomes More Imminent.

### **ACTION BY MANUFACTURERS**

Machinists Accuse the Railroad Companies-Plan to Stop Immigration Probably Killed - Harding Inauguration to Be Simple-Affairs in Europe.

#### By EDWARD W. PICKARD.

American todustries and American business generally are beginning to 'speed up" and the more optimistic, like Eibert H. Gary, chairman of the board of the United States Steel corporution, declares there is nothing unfavorable to prosperity on the horizon. Prices of many commodittes, including some times of building materials, are coming down steadily, and in many plants wages are being reduced, in some bustances the reduction being pade by the employers and accepted by the mea and in others being suggested by the workers themselves in order that the plants near be enabled to continue in operation.

Atl this is quite satisfactory to the ordinary citizen, but there is one dark cloud, despite the assertions of the optiminta. This is the coming fight between organized later and capital over the open abop. There are many signs that the issue will be joined soon. Last Wednesday the representatives of twenty-two state manufacturers' associattona, in conference in Chicago, adopted resolutions pledging support for the open shop movement. In the discussion many speakers declared they would not employ union labor in their factories and mills, but when the the resolution did not propose any discrimination against the helder of a union card. In aubstance the resolution was:

"It is recognized as fundamental in this country that all law-abiding citizens or residents have the right to work when they please, for whom they please, and on whatever terms are muinally agreed upon between employee and employer and without interference or discrimination meen the part of

"We hereby express our purpose to support these fundamental principles of American plan of employment by the maintenance of the open shop.

"We arge upon our members to secure by discussion and education the active support of workers, merchants, hankers and professional men and nil other elements of their prospective communities in favor of American tdents and the open shop."

Only a few days previously an ut torney for the loternutional Association of Machinists presented to the interstate commerce connaission a petition charging that the larger railroad companies have anited in an open shop movement designed to disrupt unionism, and that they are this year "milking the United States treasury to the tune of \$750,000,000 through their car repair manipulation." The companies, it is asserted, are closing their repnir shops and giving the work to outside concerns which charge exorbitant rates, and in this way more than 30,000 workers buve been thrown out of employment. According to the ninchinists, this drive on radiroad shop workers is only one phase of a cupltallstic "open shop" movement developing throughout the country, which has for "its cent object" disruption of "all legitimate labor organizations and trade untoh agreements."

Closely connected with the question of labor is that of immigration and its restriction. The forces of organized labor have been in favor of the Johnon bill, which would alop all lumigration for one year, and so have many other elements of the population, but iate dispatches front Washington Indicate that the bill is to be aldetracked

by the acoust committee and nothing, uisr belief that Premier Leygues and done until the senatora can formulate his colleagues were too much under a perminent policy on immigration. In this they are yielding to the opinion of representatives of certain classes of employers, including the railroad. steel and coal people, who lold the committee that the threatened "flood if immigrants from Europe" is a myth, and that there is no energency warranting the passage of the Johnson mensure.

Secretary Frank Morrison of the American Federation of Labor told the committee that the federation's demand was for straight-out protection from alien labor for a period of two years. He said that reports just recelved from ishor officials in 141 cities showed the total number of unemployed in these places to be 1,819.372. and said he would not "dare estimate what the total of all cilies would show."

Figures were submitted by Mr. Morrison showing the unemployed in Greater New York to be 300,000; Detroit, 150,000; Philadelphia, 235,000; Chleago, 200,000; Cleveland, 118,000; St. Louis, 40,000; Boston, 50,000; Milwaukee, 40,000; San Francisco, 15,000; Seattle, 9,000, and Pittsburgh, 29,000. In contrast to this, he showed, the net immigration, at present rates, would be 784,000 a year.

Avowedly in order to set an example of economy and denocratic simplicity, Mr. Harding last week caused to be canceled all the arrangements for an elaborate ceremony on the occasion of his tnauguration March 4. At his request the citizens' committee called off the celebration it had plauned and also the ball, and the joint congressional committee agreed that there shall be nothing doing except the administration of the oath to the President-elect and the delivery of his address, probably from the east porch of the capitol. This course naturally has preved the business men and hotel keepers of Washington, but everyone else in the country heartly commends It.

Mr. Harding's conferences with prominent men are about over. Very soon he will leave Marion for Florida, here he will write his inaugural and presumably finish making up his tolad is to his cabinet. Concerning the latter, it was interesting if not pleasunt to read last week that the hyphenated German-Americans, newly organized into a league, were virtualty to ask Mr. Harding to give a place in the abinet to a German-American.

committee was selected to carry to Marlon a list of men from which the President-elect might make a choice. The avowed desire of the new lengue to create an era of good feeling at home and abroad would meet with greater sympathy if it did not insist on the "German," and if it were not for the fact that one of its leaders is George Sylvester Viereck, editor of a omgazine that was formerly the Fatherhand and motorlous for his pro-German activities during the war.

General Crowder is belping Cuba to get out of her political and financial tangle and the prospect is now that he will succeed. First be has taken up the matter of the recent presdentint elections, recommending that the thousands of charges of fraud be cleared up specilly by grouping them and deciding representative cases. Then he will undertake to arrange the island's money troubles. The Cubun senute atready has possed a measure for the extension of the morntorimo for four months on a modified busis, a plan approved by President Memoral and probably by General Crowder. The Cubans are strongly apposed to the plan of the American bankers for taking over their timenchil institutions, which were colinpsing. They said the bankers asked too high a rate of interest and too long a period for the loan offered. It is sulf the situation is impleasantly complicated by the activity of our acting secretary of state, Norman II, Itavia, who is reputed to have made a fortune in Havana under the regime of tiomez, one of the claimants to the presidency.

Discord between the British and Freuch over the question of German reparations is further revealed by the downfall of the Leygues ministry in Paris. A large majority of the chamber of deputies fell in with the pop- may be."

the influence of the Itritish cubinet, which wishes that a reparations total he named far helow what the French people have been led to expect. Because Leyguea refused to outline his foreign policy before the meeting with Lloyd George, which was set for this week, the chamber declined to give him a vote of confidence and he and his fellows resigned. It was said in Parls the adverse vote was due partly to the action of the American government in withdrawing from the council of ambassadors, many deputies regarding this as showing America's lack of confidence la the French governnient.

Tchitcherin, foreign minister of sovlet Itusnia, han defied the League of Nutions to send an International army to the plebiscite region of Lithuania, and in a note to the Polish gov ernment has warned the allies that the soviet armies will attack any such force. He asserts the Vilna affair is not of concern to I'oland and Llthuania slone, but that Russia also is vitally interested.

The Germans are tremendously excited concerning another proposed plebiseite, that in the coal region of Silesia, for they have convinced themselves that Poland is planning to selze that territory before the vote is held, it is said in Berlin that an army of 175,000 Poles has been concentrated near the Silesian border and at Posen for this purpose. The t'oles certainly are getting ready for netlon, and are reorganizing their armles along French tines, but ostensibly they are preparing to meet the expected offensive of the Ileds.

Mustapha Kemal Pasha has administered a severe hlow to the Greeks in Asin Minor, Concentrating heavy forces secretly, he made a surprise attack on the Smyrna front, breaking through the Greek lines in three places and so threatening an encirclement that the Greeks were forced to retire toward the coast. The Turks captured several towns as well as many prisoners, and it looks as if they might bottle the Greeks up in Smyrua.

King Coustantine thinks the French are carrying on a campaign to force the revision of the treaty of Sevres and to compel the Greeks to get out of the Smyrna regton-and it is likely he is correct in his belief. He annonneed last week that he would not abdicate even if the allied nations should refuse to recognize him as the ruler of Greece.

Austria's distressful condition to growing worse daily, if that is possible. A few days ago it was reported that the government had notified the alifed nations that it was ready to quit and turn over the country to the Lengue of Nations to manage. The economic and political situation there seems hopeless. Nearly everyone los quit work, and a general strike has been ordered to begin Thursday of this week, Workmen declare they will remain lide until profiteering ceases, and demand that the deduction of the income tax from their pay envelopes stop until the capital levy hiw is put in force. The government has made drastic regulations against profficering, but these often are diregarded and extortionate prices are asked for all conquodities not under government control. The communists, of course, are ready to take advantage of the situation and start more trou-

The treaty of Chleago, the pact which brings pence to the warring factions in baseball, was adopted and signed last week, and Judge Landle ts now the supreme ruler of the pational game. The mugnates of the various leagues agreed to give him full power when they incorporated in the document a clause reading thus:

"In case conduct detrimental to haseball is charged, alleged or suspected, the commissioner (Landis) shall have jurisdiction to investigate and determine the facts; mon such determination he may take such preventive, remedial or punitive action as he deema appropriate, against any party hereto, any minor league club connected with the National association, or any individual, as the case

Legion Legislative Committee Is Prese ing Passage of Messures Important to World War Men.

Five bills are being pressed by the legislative committee of the American National Reserves Becoming Rec-Legion at the present session of congress. Foremost among those in pubilc interest is the Fordney bill, that provides adjusted compensation for all exservice men, but more important in the eyes of Legion men are the Watson bill, the Rogers bill, the Stevenson bill MANY HOMES BEING BUILT and a sundry appropriation bill sllowing \$10,000,000 for impliful construc-

The Fordney, or "bonus" bill, passed the house in the last days of the last session of the Sixty-sixth congress, it then was referred to the senate finance committee, of which Senator Boles Penrose of Pennsylvania is chairman. Assurances were given that early hearings would be bebl on the bill.

The Fordney bill, as it stands now, provides a cush payment for all veternos up to and including the grade of cuptain, of one dollar a day for each day of home service, and \$1.25 a day for foreign service, with a limit of \$500 and \$625, respectively. Or, the option of the same amount, plus 40 per cent if taken in the form of government cer-

The Fordacy hill, bowever, will be suborilinated to the other four pet of the second national Legion convention, which went on record that "mntters for the benefit of the sick and disabled are of first importance and are to be given preference over all other legislation affecting the welfare of the service men.'

glond branches of the bureau of war risk insurance, as many sub-offices as may he necessary, and would make it possible for ex-service men to pay their government insurance premiuma at any post office. It relieves, from the payment of premiums disabled men in hospitals or taking vocational trainlag and men temporarily disabled. It mal organization. extends the time in which ex-service men may apply for hospitslization. It la a bill that would improve the efficlency of the war risk bureau and would give justice to the disabled. The Watson bill passed the house unsalmously at the last session. It then was referred to a sub-committee of the senate finance committee.

The Rogers hill represents the efforts of the American Legion to obtain cooperation between the bureaua functioning for the benefit of disabled exaervice men. It provides for the transfer of the rehabilitation section of the federal board of vocational training and of the public health service to the jurisdiction of the war risk bureau. The plan is to have all the bureaus un der one directing and responsible bead preferably a new cabinet officer.

The Stevenson bill would establish the same privilege of retirement for disabled officers of the emergency forces as is now enjoyed by officers of the regular army, a privilege already accorded by congress to emergency officers of the navy.

#### WELL KNOWN TO LEGION MEN

Gilbert Bettman, Chairman of the National Legislative Committee of

Gilbert Bettman, who was recently appointed chairman of the national legislative

mittee of American Legion, ls well known to many Legion members because he helped to draft the four-fold optional plan of adjusted compensation and, with James G. Scrug-

ham, new national vice commander, presented it before the ways and means committee of the house of representatives.

Mr. Itettman was graduated from Harvard college and the Harvard law achool with three degrees, and pructiced law in Cincinnati until a short time after the outbreak of the war,

Appointed as assistant to the director of the bureau of war risk insurance, Mr. Bettman served in that capacity until the therman offensive of March 21, when he was commissioned captain in the military intelligence division of the general staff.

Mr. Bettman attended the St. Louis caucus of the American Legion and the Minneapolis and Cleveland conventions. He has served as chairman of the war risk committee and as a member of the national beneficial legislative committee.

General Sherman Stuff. It was a perfect French night. In other words, the rain was coming down steadily and the mud was at Its aticklest, In "squab" formation-twes, threes, fives and sixes—a regiment of Buffaloes was moving into an al-

the camp. The most foriorn of all the foriorn crew staggered sgainst a barracks iloorway where he was accosted by a white non-com. "Well, Sam, whaddye think of this

leged reat camp. The accent was en

war now? Pretty good war?" "Boss, dis yeah war never was good war-and dis last day practically done ruined it com-pletely."-American Legion Weekly.

## FIVE BILLS UP TO CONGRESS USE OF FORESTS IS INCREASING

reation Grounds for Campers and Summer Residents.

Income Promises to Be Important Source of Revenue to the United States-Speciatly Trained Men Needed in Service.

Washington.-That the use of the national forests for recreational purposes is increasing rapidly and hids fair to rank third mmong the major services performed by the national forests, with only timber production and stream flow regulation taking precedence over it, is the statement made by Col. W. It, tirceley, head of the forest service, in his annual report. Many summer homes are helng erected in the national forests by private indi-viduals, and the use of forests for tificates, assistance in the purchase of other forms of out-of-door recreation a home or farm or vocational training. was greater during the past year than ever before.

The summer home business promises Legion measures, alt of which aim at to become an important source of revthe improvement of the condition of enue, Col. Greeley points out. On the the disabled. In this the legislative Angeles forest in southern California, committee is following the mandate for example, a total of 1,329 permits for summer residences and commercial resorts were, he snys, in effect at the close of the past fiscal year. The revenue from this one item amounted to approximately \$22,000. It is believed that within a few years the revennes obtained from the various rec-The Wason bill provides for 14 re- reational settlements within the Angeles forest will pay the entire cost of protection and administration.

Many western communities are recognizing the recreational resources of nearby national forests as one of their greatest assets and privileges, Col. Greeley says, and are establishing community camps under more or less for-

No Charge to Public. The picule camps are improved by the construction of fireplaces, rustic tables and seats, and are made availshie to the public wilhout any charge. The vacation camps under municipal direction charge merely the expense of feeding pull coring for the successive groups of city people who enjoy

their privileges.

The growth of the recreational resources of the national forests is so rapid that specially trained men are needed to dtrect and plan for the most effective development of this service, Col. Greeley says.

The protection of wild life and the recognition of the national forests as natural breeding grounds of fish and game is closely related to the development of the recrentional resources. To make more effective the work of game protection, in co-operation with the state and local authorities, and to secure better development of the fish and game resources of the national forests, Col, Greeley helleves that congreas ahould make provision for the establishment of game sanctuaries within which wild life may find security. These sunctuaries, he says, should be relatively limited in area, but should be established in considerable number.

Special altention in called by Col. Greeley to the necessity of additional protection for the harassed and decimated herds of elk using the Yellowatone National park and the aurrounding forests. Famine and cold last winter took an unusually heavy toll from their number. Driven out of the high country by starvation and early snows, the northern herd auffered from hunters along the boundary line a percentage losa equal to that of a defeated army.

Many that escaped the hunters perished from cold and atarvation before spring. The southern herd also lost heavily. As a result, the total number of animals in these two herds is now estimated by the hest qualified officers in the forest service to equal half of

their number five years ago. The addition to the Absaroka and Gallatin forests of the lands still in government ownership and under withdrawal along the Yellowstone river north of Gardiner la urged by the chief forester. This land, he states, in urgently needed as winter range for the elk, and its addition to the nationat forests will materially relieve the situation without working an injustice to the local inhabitants whose live stock use the range. If this action is not taken the outlook for the northern elk herd is gloomy. The prospects for the southern herd are more bright, but additional purchase of land for summer feeding grounds appear absolutely essential.

### CANADA HAS HER OWN NAVY

Takea Her Place Among Navat "Powera" With Cruiser and Two Deatroyers.

Hallfax .- With the arrival in this port of his majesty's Conadian ships Aurora, l'atriot and l'atrician, the dominion navy, which heretofore has existed nominally through the possession of the Rainbow and Niobe, cruisers of an aucient pattern, flung to the breeze the bauners of maritime strength and prepared to take rank with other naval "powers" of the world.

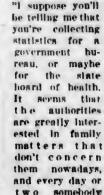
The vessels, a cruiser and two deatroyers, were presented to the dominion government by Great Britain,



#### A GREAT HELP

667 SUPPOSE you do your own washing, ma'anc?" inquired the eedy stranger.

"Yes, I do, although I don't see that nny of your business," plied Mrs. Curfew, with some warmth.



comes along asking impertment questions as to bow many children I have. and my maiden nance before I was married, and whether there's insanity in the family.

"I'm sick and tired of answering such questions. If my old friends want to dig into my family history, I'll give them all the information they want, although I mny consider their eonumirums in bad taste, but when a perfect stranger comes along and asks me if I do my own washing, I feel that the line must be drawn somewhere, Every jack in office aska questions. It used to be that the assessor would come to the door politely, and inquire how many dogs we kept, and take our estimate of the value of our property without looking as though he knew we ought to be prosecuted for perinry. But now he must know the color of your grandfather's side whiskers, and if you tell him that you keep no dogs he goes out and looks under the honse, and in the harn, and when he comes back he warns you that the penalties for giving false information re severe.

"Mr. Curfew says that the next time the assessor comes, he is going to throw him over the back fence and kick him down the alley for a distance of seven blocks, and I hope he'll keep his word."

"I didn't mean to offend you," said the stranger. "I'm introducing a washing powder that saves half the labor. and dispenses with soap altogether, With this marvelons powder a woman can do the week's washing and have her clothes hung on the line, inside of

two hours." "Well, mlater, you take a package of your marvelous powder down to the creek, and give yourself a good scrubbing, for you look as though you had been fishing out of somebody's dnsthin. Your whiskers are full of sawdust, and your face la covered with grime. If you were introducing hituminous coal, there might be some excuse for your sprearance, but a man who is selling washing powder ought to be like the driven anow, or nobody will have confidence in him.

"And I wouldn't have anything to do with your washing powder if yo offered to hring me a wagonload for twenty cents. I make my own soap of lye and grease, and although it lsn't indorsed by the crowned heads of Europe, or hy prelates or vice presidenta, it's the best soap ever made. and I know the ingredients are wholesome, even if they don't comprise harks and huds and healing herba.

"When I use my own soap, I know the things I wash won't he any the worse for it, but the washing powders sold by agenta are made of dynamite and lunar caustic, and a garment once washed with them will never be fit to use again.

"Last spring I was feeling too poorly to make the usual batch of soap, so I hought a package of washing powder from an agent who had his pockela full of lestimonials showing that he was a man of high moral character. It happened that week that all of Mr. Curfew's white shirts were in the wash. Mr. Carfew is very particular about his shirts. They must be as while as arctic snaw, or the way he raves around the bonse is a disgrace. Well, I wish you could have seen those shirts after they were washed. They had an old gold color, and have been getting yellower ever since, and Mr. Curfew acver sits down but he speaks about it and makes things uncomfortable.

"So you had better toddle along and sell your washing powder to some woman who doesn't know how to make

World's Supply of Nitrates. The world's visible supply of nitratea is estimated at 2,102,000 iona.

The Type. "I heard Mabel said when she married that she had selected the very flower of her admirers, 'To what par-

ticular bloom did she liken him?" "At first she thought he was the pink of perfection, but when the baby came to cisim her attention, he was

just a mere poppy."

Neptune's Laundry. "I would like to see the wash of the

sea. "The best time to do that ought to be when you are crossing the line,"

### General College News

DR. CARR VISITS BEREA

Dr. J. W. Carr, State Supervisor of Physical Education, was in Berea Tuesday. He is seeking the co-opeeration of Berea in having more attention to health education in the schools of the State. Berea is already doing something along this line, and he thinks that she can be of a great deal of assistance in helping to carry out his plans.

#### Y. M. C. A.

The Y. M. C. A. was glad to welcome Dr. Hirschy back to take charge of our meeting last Sunday evening. It is needless to say that we had a good meeting. His subject was: "A Great Discovery." Dr. Hirschy's theme was that many things have been discovered. The discovery of America was a great discovery. The discovery of electricity was a great discovery. The discovery of the miciohes was a great discovery. And there have been numerous other discoveries as great as these, but the greatest discovery of all is when man discovers God. God reveals and man discovers. All that is seen is temporal and aii that is unseen is eternal. Personality is unseen, yet it moves stirs the soul.

#### PROFESSOR DIX AT

Elizabethtown, Ky., to address the men's Association of Hardin county. This organization is doing a piece of pioneer work in the way of commuity organization. It is the one southern county that has been organized by the Y. W. C. A. In the afternoon a mass meeting of citizens was held at the First Presbyterian Church for the consideration of community organization along general lines. Great Interest and enthusiasm was manifested. It is more than probable that they will undertake a coordination of

ELIZABETHTOWN

#### BASKET-BALL

The inter-school basket-ball series ls progressing with considerable rathusiasm but, withal, congenial.

the support which each school gives jority present. This oplnion, howtheir respective teams, but he feels ever, was aoon shown to be incorrect aomewhat disappointed at the lack of by the unexpected interpretation set sportsmanship displayed toward the forth by the affirmative. The nega-

group of side-line "rooters" to even it in quite a different light. Being cheer a new play of an opponent.

The first game of the afternoon was between the College and Vocational in vain. School. The College won by a acore of 20 to 12. The Vocational School friendly rivalry, throughout which showed great improvement over pre- was remarked to be the best in vious games and bids fair to end years. This debate, being the third not. There are things going on in School! ard than when they entered it.

The second game was between the Normal School and the Academy. This was probably the hottest contested game that has been played in the gymnasium this season.

The Academy team averaged a little heavier and considerably taller than the Normal team. The height of "Beanpole" Johnson, together with Trimble, and B. Frank Hall, and Wagers, and Mr. Dyle from the Sophhis quickness, enabled hlm to lead in the number of baskets.

Both teams played a fast game and both entered the game with doubt as to the outcome.

The Academy won by a score of 15 to 10.

MISS WELSH RETURNS Misa Welsh has just returned from

One of the pleasant features of the week was meeting Mr. and Mrs. Smith of Bellevue, O., and Mr. and Mra. Jerome Easthain, former students of Berea. Mr. Eastham has for the past four years been eity superintendent of schools at Daytona. He is also superintendent of the Sunday-school of the Christian church.

Mlss Welsh visited the high school and is most enthusiastic in her reports of it. The hullding is new and up-to-date in every way. It has excellent chemical and home science laboratories, rooms for sloyd and other vocational work, a small but well-selected library, a beautiful, large auditorium. A weekly paper the last issue of which the following Throne today is proud to call his anis quoted:

"My Dear Mr. Eastham:

I am very glad to inform you that your high school was again placed on the Accredited list of the Southcongratulations on your work.

Yours sincerely, Jas. Romer, Professor of Secondary Education.

Miss Bowersox and Miss Welsh took dinner at the home of Mr. and the world. Music is unseen, yet it Mrs. Eastham, where they were entertained with genuine Kentucky hospitality. Another afternoon was spent with them motoring and visiting one of Florida's finest orange groves. Professor Dix last week went to In fact, there were so many attractions, that it was hard to shut one's annual meeting of the Young Wo- self off for the much-needed rest and recuperation, which had to be done, however, at the expense of seeming selfish. Miss Bowersox sends greetings to her many friends in Berea and hopes to he hack at her work

### College Department

THE ANNUAL DEBATE

Last Saturday evening one of the greatest annual events in the life the organizations they already have of the Berea student body was on the plan of the Community Coun- held. The sixteenth annual debate cil which is being undertaken in between the rival societies, Alpha Zeta and Phi Delta, was as great a success as ever - at least it seemed so to one of them. The question for debate, "Resolved, that the United States should apply to Mexpidity. Each Monday marks victory leo the policy she has held toward for one team and defeat for another Cuba," appeared to favor the negateam. School spirit runs high In en- tive at first thought. Thus an easy victory for Phi Delta, who upheld The disinterested spectator admires that side, was anticipated by the mative were at loss how to attack this Good sportsmanship will prompt a interpretation since they had viewed unable to destroy the arguments thus presented, they pleaded their cause

Both sides preserved a tone of in a series of victories for Alpha Zeta, gives each society eight pennants to their credit and will create For the purpose of discussing and

coming year. This year the policy of a threeman team was followed by both societies for the first time in their his- Patton, Rush Curry, and Goldia tory. The speakers for Alpha Zets Hutchinson from the Freshman class; were, Sam W. Johnston, Ernest G. Opha Wilson, Miss Chambers, Waller those of Phi Delta, Raleigh Trosper, omere class; James Picklesimer, Rol-H. Mark Wesley, and John Miller. lin Richards, Lottie Dalton, and Lu-The judges were selected from col- cille McClure from the Junior class; leges in the State, Judge Lyman and Florence Baker, Beulah Whitt, coming from the University of Ken- ley from the Senior class. John Wil- everything I undertook. tucky and A. Eugene Thomson from son is chairman of the organization. Lincoin Institute.

The speeches of either side showed out a week or two ago show that thorough preparation, keen power of scme of us are spending anywhere Florida and reports leaving Miss discernment and smooth delivery. from ten cents to six dollars a week Beach, in the home of two Lexington ment that the judges had decided 2-1 necessary but also a harmful expense, ladies. Her days are apent mostly in favor of the affirmative caused so the entire Institution observed I have tried hard this year to make other things I could mention. on the beach in the bright sunshine, an outburst of enthusiasm. The what was known as "Food Week." fair in detail.

### Mountain Men in History

By Elizabeth S. Peck, Ph.D., Professor of History, Berea Academy

CYRUS, THE GREAT

The Fame of Cyrus of history was Cyrus, the Great. He gaily-decked grandsire, replied like a that time had been able to secure, but his father was the handsomest and yet for all his military success man in Persia. When his grandhe was as much noted for his nohil- father and the rest of the comity of character as for his conquests. pany became intoxicated, Cyrus was It is worth while to study the career and the character of this man who, lously, daneing foolishly, and altofor 2,500 years, has been a national hero of the Persians, this man whom is published by the students, from the Shah of Persia on his Peacock

The Youth of Cyrus

the north.

simply, ate common food, and found culture that heart might desire. his exercise and fun in the manly sport of hunting hirds, deer, bears, and even lions, in the mountains. He learned to endure heat, cold, and little army of mountain men had hunger, and grew to be a hardy and come together at his cail, Cyrus gave things in the world.

luxurious ways of Median court life. mountain forest. On the next day, He thought it a great bother to have much to their surprise, he summoned so many different dishes set before them not to hard work and plain him at the table, all of which he was fare, but to a banquet and a festival expected to taste. He told his grand- with rich food and wine and all kinds father that he preferred the simple of merry-making. At the close of style back home where they ate plain this gay day, he asked them which bread and meat with a good appetite and thus were spared so much un- spoke for the day of merry-making necessary bother about their eating. In preference to the day of labor. dressed up in his showy robes of stayed at home in their poor, rough state, bedecked with jewelry, his face country, they could expect only hard painted, and his (false) hair flowing work and plain fare, but if they claimed what a handsome man his of the ensuing campaign, they would grandpa was. Then somebody tried to tease the lad by asking him which life of their richer neighbors. he thought the handsomer, his Me-

Normal Department

The Normal students met last Mor.-

which most of us do not approve.

were chosen to sit in council. Those

elected were, Dewey Lawson, Wilbur

Reports from cards which we filled

dian grandfather or his Persian father. Cyrus, loyal to his plain One of the famous mountain men mountain father, but courteous to his disgusted to see them singing ridicugether unable to stand on their feet, not drink to excess.

His Ambitions for the Persians When Cyrus grew to manhood, he was dissatisfied with his little king- learning! Cyrus, the Great, was born in the dom in the mountains of the south, sixth century, B.C. His home was in especially since he was subject to the the southern part of the Median Em- rule of the Medes, and before long themselves to hiame because in the gles and in spite of the fact that he ern Association. It met the require- pire, in the mountainous country ad- he was preparing to take a new realm ments in all of the details, and I joining the Persian Gulf. He was for himself. Moreover, he saw that wish to extend to you my heartiest born a prince of this mountain-state, his own people in their mountain but both he and his father were sub- home had little chance to gain wealth siums, to encourage self-activity and lived years longer than most of jects to the great king of Media in and culture like that of the great along physical lines. And every his contemporaries. lowland nations adjoining Persia. Young Cyrus was brought up very But if the Persians with all their differently from most of the Orient. vigor and hardy strength could beal princes of that day. He lived in come the conquerors and rulers of the simple. vigorous way that best the nations of the plains, then his suited his rough country. He dressed people could have all the wealth and

> He decided that before setting out on his conquests, he ought to teach as a physical necessity. his soldiers this lesson. When his and state. Cyrus was surprised at the made them toil with their axes in the day they preferred. Of course they When he first saw his grandfather Then Cyrus explained that if they in curls about his neck, Cyrus ex- would endure the necessary hardships soon be able to enjoy the comfortable

(Continued Next Week)

#### of money for food. Friday morning Miss Leah Stevens of the Academy. Miss Norah Veteto of the Foundation, and Tilman Rich of the Vocaday evening in Upper Chapel to com- tional gave us some very interesting plete the organization for student- taiks upon the same subject. We government. Both faculty and stu-hope that some of these talks have dents decided last fall that it would found a lodging place in our minds he good for the students to take and that Normal students will not be

discuss certain things relative to of the Coop Store unnecessarily.

last week. We enjoyed a talk last Wednesday

greater interest than ever for the correcting some of these things, four by Dr. Lyman, who is much interested like the food we have to eat here, better than I could then. members from each of the four years in Normal work.

#### Foundation School

MY EXPERIENCE WITH EXPENSES By Nora Veteto

This is my first year in Berea. was going to do my best to accoun- eat the first day, the next day I would to us for food and clothes. Chalkley and Prof. Edward Wiest, Lawrence Gabbard and Lloyd Rack-plish much in my school work and in have wanted more and I would soon. I believe the money we aelfishly

When I first came everybody was but a bad habit to break. strange to me, and sometimes I got ionesome and wished I were at home. It did not take me long to get ac. is very hard to break. Therefore, I our own and other countries. quainted with some of the students think we students cannot afford to

good on all that Berea asks of its Of course, when one is not feeling and she has already begun to feel Chapel was soon emptied and the Wednesday morning we enjoyed talks students, but I soon found that if I well and the food on the table does the healing effects of rest in that sympathizers of each reassembled in from Miss Edna Clark, Miss Edith wanted to have good lessons I must not appeal to us, it is all right to beautiful part of God's great out-of- their society halis to discuss the af- Harper, John Wilson and Rollin Rich- have good health, and must form have a change of food, but even then

THE PHYSICAL WILLIAM CULLEN BRYANT

By Alfred E. Ross, Berea College, Berea, Kentucky

There is an army of people in the strenuous mental activity. Fortunate- wet his hair and make it grow, ly the number of wealkings is not in As a mature person Bryant's phy-

Individuals who have frail forms disposed by the opposers of physical enormous quantity of well-done work officials-and there are many-or lay- realizes that he must have enjoyed men, hecause if the government rec- excellent health. And so he did, hut to assume that it is a mental as well, it was not until he was well that he

If sceptics would be convinced that a newspaper man and a translator. gymnastics are really useful in pro- Fortunately, for sceptles may dishood" and the chronic weakness that was, followed him into manhood, he tri- le arose early about five-thirty in

who was a physician in a small Mas- chest and work the muscles and sachusetts village, had him plunged joints of the body. These were perinto a cold pool of water each morn- formed with dumh bells, a pole, a ing, and this was continued from early horizontal bar, and a light chair spring until late autumn-Indeed, swung around his head. They occueven after the surface of the water pled an hour or more, after which was skimmed by ice and had to be he hathed. Sometimea, when at his hroken. Whether or not the proced- old home in Cummington, he would ure saved his life is largely a mat- shorten his room exercises for a speil ter for conjecture, but it is a fact of vigorous outdoor work or for a that he gradually acquired strength walk. and endurance. He also culitivated

the hahit of keeping his body fit, fer even after he attained manhood his bath was continued day by day.

Cullen's hoyhood was marked by his physical frailty. Strength he had not, and so his school days were not United States who assert that Physis significant of any athletic achievecal Culture is a national craze, a ments. l'erhaps the only exercise he united under his rule a larger empire true diplomat that his grandfather fad that has neither a sensible aim had was derived from tramping with than any man of any nation up to was the handsomest man in Media, nor a practical result. The most in- some of his schoolmates through the teresting thing about these people is fields and to the brook-sides in search their delicate bodies which are ut- of spearmint. At such times, durterly incapable of supporting, for ing light summer showers, he would any length of time, continuous and remove his hat so that the rain might

> the majority, but it is hoped that the sical life was more interesting, howfor his own father back home did advecates of Physical Education will ever, than any other man of his age, continue to grow until at last every because he outlived those who were state in the Union will have compell- endowed with stronger moulds and ed its institution in the seats of because up to the day of his death neither his mind nor his body was impaired by long and constant usage; and undeveloped muscles have only because, in spite of his early strugpresent age conveniences are being inherited a weakness resulting from provided everywhere within reach, the tuberculosis to which his father in the form of literature and gymna- and sister succumhed, he overcame it

vestige of cynicism might well be When one stops to consider the education, whether they are school performed by that fine old man, one ognizes its importance in the currie- it was not until after he took steps ulum of national learning, it is safe to improve his physical condition, and was able to work for fifty years as

moting health and longevity, the fol- believe the statements made by biogenergetic youth well fitted to do big each man ar ax and set them ail to lowing account of the celebrated poet, raphers, we have his own statement work clearing the forest. When Bryant, will be especially significant, of the fact in a letter written to a When he visited his maternal meal time came they had a dinner for at the outstart of his life journey friend from New York on March 13. grandfather, who was the great king of plain, coarse food and then set to he was described as being "puny and He was then an old man, but still of Media, and lived in high pomp work again. All that day Cyrus delicate and of a very nervous tem- bright and spry, and energetic. And perament." And yet, in spite of his when asked for his secret source of seemingly hopeless struggle to sur- life, he answered with the single vive, the "casualities of early child- word, moderation; and moderation it

> umphed, to endure the vicissitudes spring and even earlier in summer, and joys of over eighty-four years, and immediately, with but very little solely because of the unrelenting care incumhance of clothing, began a sethat he exercised over his body. , I ries of exercises which were for the During Bryant's infancy, his father, most part designed to expand the

(Continued Next Week)

only for things I thought would be of these will destroy the health. a benefit to me.

since I have been here is about thirty piecing between meals. cents for apples, and that is a small A clear head an an over-loaded charge of chapel on certain days and seen again visiting the food corner amount to spend in three months.

students, have the opportunity to May Boatright with us again. She think from my past experience a tween meals. For the last year I notice things which the faculty can- is teaching music at the Training great deal better, because while I went to school at Granville, Tenn., We eat things just before some meal, is nothing that tastes good to us.

I thought I must go out and buy they can weil give us.

Therefore, I have spent my money sweet food: for the continued eating

I find that headache, nervousness, All I have spent for things to eat and inability to study are caused by

stomach do not go along together. I I have gotten along just as well have gotten along a great deal better their government in Berea. We, as We are giad to have Miss Anna by not eating between meals, and I in my school work hy not eating bewas at home I was eating aomething and atayed with a lady who had things most of the time between meals, then for me to eat when I came from at meal-time I was not hungry. This school. I can now put my mind on is one reason why some of us do not my lessons and remember them much

We have plenty to eat here in Bethen when we go to the table there rea to keep us in good condition to work, and if we follow Berea's rules It was hard for me to eat the food for plain dress, we will not have to here for the first few meals, and ask our parents for more money than

something to eat, but I did not and Our government is calling upon us I have been real glad every day since to form habit of thrift and aid it in I that I did not yield to the tempta- paying the debts, and atarving chilplanned before I left home that I tion, for had I hought something to dren in other countries are looking

> have had not only a big bill to pay spend upon ourselves for eating between meals and for buying finery It is a bad habit to eat between would be better spent in aiding our meals, a habit which, once formed, government and starving children of

Moderation in eating and spending Bowersox improved. She is very The audience, intense with interest, for food outside the Boarding Hail. and teachers, then I was satisfied and huy and eat between meals such rich makes us, to my way of thinking, comfortably settled at Daytona awaited the decision. The announce- We thought this was not only an unsalmon, oniona, mustard and many hetter neighbors to the whole world.

> Anger is a gun that bursta at tha breech and kills the holder.

If you must disobey God, acek a ards upon the unecesary expenditure good habits of eating and exercising, the change should not be to rich, place where He cannot see you.

All This Boy Thinks of Is Work

MICKIE, THE PRINTER'S DEVIL

By Charles Sughros HOLY SMOKE! WE'RE SO GET UP GEEWIZZ! GOSH WICKIE! BLAMED BIZZY AMIGHTY! I'LL IT'S NINE BE LATE TO THE GELDEK OPFICE!



